III. Charles Gordon McPhee, The Early Years

Written on: July 28, 2022

Article by: Geoffrey Ellis

"Charles Gordon McPhee completes his NBS/DLC studies, and begins his preaching career."

(1) Nashville: Gordon with a train ticket to Nashville, departing from Smithville, with nine dollars in his pocket. He went forth in faith. (McPhee patterned his life on that of James A. Harding, whose leadership at the Nashville and Potter schools literally operated by faith for their support. Near the end of his life he said: "The older I get, the more I believe He rules in the affairs of men. If it hadn't been that my father died, I never would have gone into the homes of those Christian people from whom I learned a lot and became a Christian.)



At the border, he was subjected to a gruelling examination by officials (it was wartime). In a little room he was interrogated. "Where were you born?" "In Nine Mile River, Nova Scotia." And one of them said, "Well, I came from Milford." That is about seven miles from Nine Mile River, so McPhee ask him, "Do you know a man by the name of Norman Loggett?" (He was known all over the country as inspector of roads.) "Certainly." McPhee named several others who were also known by this official. They then went before a larger committee where the man from Milford recommended that McPhee be allowed to enter the USI

McPhee enrolled in Nashville Bible School and began to preach every Sunday. Typically, he was paid \$3.00 for his services, until one Sunday when he was given \$6! He mentions preaching at Thompson Station, and Spring Hill. However, his income was insufficient. After two or three months, he went to the president's office, cf. H. Leo Boles, where he said, "I can't stay here. I am not getting enough money for preaching. I'll have to leave." Boles said, "You are not leaving. You are staying here!" "They kept me here



Junior Class at Nashville Bible School, 1915-1916, C. G. McPhee, back row, left."

for two years. I will always be grateful to Brother Boles for keeping me there." When he graduated, he signed a note—for between two and three hundred dollars.

He graduated with his
Bachelor of Literature degree
in 1917. (David Lipscomb, age
86, died November 11 in that
year, and the Nashville school
was renamed, David Lipscomb
College. Thus, C. G. McPhee
has the distinction of being the
first foreign student to
graduate from NBS once it
became DLC.) (It should be

noted that "a number of other Canadian students had enrolled in Nashville Bible School, from 1891-1917) On the day of graduation, he met Sister Foster, widow of Abraham

Foster, who had founded and directed Carman Bible School, 1899-1902, "the first Bible school in Canada," i.e. among Churches of Christ. (Foster had passed away in 1908, in Calgary.) McPhee recalled, "I had a place to go and preach, and that was in Carman, Manitoba. So, I left there (Nashville), after bidding farewell to my friends. I made a lot of them there. Well the school was closed, I was out of school, and out of money. The brethren at Carman had sent me a ticket to take me there to preach. I left Nashville with ninety cents in my pocket."



Graduation Invitation

(2) Western Canada.

Upon graduation from the NBS/DLC, Gordon McPhee moved immediately to Carman, Manitoba. There he began his life's work of preaching the Gospel. That he chose to preach first in Western Canada shows his missionary spirit. It also confirms the influence of the Tallman brothers upon his life. The Tallmans had also headed west in their early years: to Carman, Manitoba, where they had helped plant the Winnipeg Church of Christ, in 1901. They, no doubt, had a hand in C. G.'s serving at Carman for two summers (1913, 1914), during his college years in Nova Scotia. And, that O. H.

Tallman had devoted his service to evangelizing in Western Canada, during the last year of MBLC's operation, 1914-1915, was surely noted by Charles Gordon. He was returning to familiar territory.

Arriving from Nashville, he was met in Carman by a brother Stewart, who said, "Did you know you are starting a meeting on Sunday?" The meeting lasted for three weeks. By the end of the meeting, eighteen people had been baptized.

Gordon preached for the next three years at Carman and in the western provinces. Gordon preached his first gospel meeting, at that time, in Hanna, Alberta. He also preached in nearby Calgary, and at Winnipeg. He held meetings at Bromhead, Saskatchewan. In January, 1919, C. G. was in Prince George, British Columbia (where he wrote to Donald McDougall, then editor of The Christian Monthly Review, Nova Scotia, to renew his subscription!) His report from Carman, published in the March, 1919, CMR: "The work at Carman is doing fine. The interests and crowds are both good. We are opening several mission points in the country around here, which we expect to be fruitful for the Master."

McPhee reported forty baptisms during this period. He conducted his first wedding at Carman, in 1919: Franklin Russell and Luella Meeks, March 26, the first of literally hundreds of weddings that Gordon would perform during his ministry. Gordon reported

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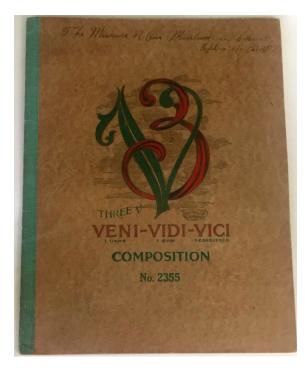
"is now in the world, and the world was send by how, and the world how out to leave well him out. It is not well him out to be some the some of god. There words were absolver by their concerning the wholes of met a world was in the world was the world on the world on the world was the world on the world on the world was the world on the world was the mental. In a how our and the good was here me have her world on the produce was here were have been continuous worth ones series the mental of the produce the somewhat is a few them the state. It had a night with a great that the state he had a night with a great world by a few the world is a had a night of the world by a facility of the had a night of the world by a facility of the had a night of the world by a facility of the had a night of the world by a facility of the had a night of the world by a facility of the had a night of the world by a facility of the had a night to world by a facility of the had a night to world by a facility of the had a night to world by a facility of facility to the him to the world by a facility of the world as one of the world and the last of the sound of the facility of the had been to the facility that the facility that the facility that the had the world among them to at set would gath that the facility that the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that the facility that the had the interest of last the facility that

McPhee's handwritten sermon, prepared a nd delivered first at Nine Mile River.

that during his stay at Carman, he retired what was still owing to DLC on his tuition.

Gordon's practice. begun while a student in Nova Scotia, and maintained during his work in western Canada, was to write out his sermons in longhand. He used student study books, size 10 ½" X 7 ¾". Mostly, one sermon averaging 17-20 pages was written in each book. Some few have two, even three sermons included. Most booklets have

few details of the place and date of preaching, but a number do identify Carman, Manitoba. The mind and beliefs of C. G. McPhee are preserved in these workbooks! (Sixty-four workbooks with 79 sermons by C. G. McPhee are in the CCCHS files.)



One of 64 work book sermons on file

(3) Ontario.

The December 1920 issue of the Christian Monthly Review, reported that C. G. left the west for Ontario, early in the summer, working in southern Ontario, then arriving at Meaford later in the year. The CMR also reported, "Brother C. G. McPhee, who is locating in Meaford, Ontario, has been on a flying visit to his old home and friends in Nova Scotia, visiting and speaking at Mill Village, Nine Mile River, Upper Rawdon, and one evening was allowed to speak at West Gore." McPhee began his work in Meaford, on the first day of 1921.

Upon his arrival in Ontario, earlier in 1920, however, McPhee was soon recruited to become "Ontario Preacher," by a cooperation (similar to "Co-operations" common in 19th century) maintained by the Bathurst Church of Christ at the time and by the Toronto churches. His support was \$25 per

week. At the "June Meeting" in St. Catharines that year (1920), a special meeting was called to report on this activity. At one point, in the meeting, C. G. arose and declared, "I will not work under a couple of men, but I will work under a church." There was "an arousing clap from the whole congregation," and McPhee sat down. He later reported, "That ended it. I conducted meetings at St. Catharines, Jordan, Beamsville, Toronto, Meaford, and Newmarket, and in the Fall, I quit, and arranged to go to Meaford."

Gordon, at the end of 1921 in Meaford, reported on his work: "Four added at Meaford, six at Cape Rich, and two at Griersville." An American evangelist, C. R. Nichols, who had conducted a gospel meeting in Meaford in 1923, wrote: "Brother C. G. McPhee who is the minister-evangelist for the Meaford congregation is an untiring worker, and is loved by the congregation, and by the citizenship of Meaford for his intrinsic worth, as well as for his ability and consecration in the work for the Master." McPhee served in Meaford until 1924. He later would remember his encouraging the Meaford congregation to show the same interest in the Sunday evening service as the morning. He also became well-known as the soft-ball playing preacher! Later, he would look back and declare: "Those were the best years of my life!" "Finest young peoples class ever." "I baptized and buried a good number in Meaford."

(4) Marriage.

On June 14, 1922, Gordon married Grace Tallman, in Hamilton. Grace was born, November 23, 1893, the third daughter of Peter Tallman (uncle of O. H. and O. E. Tallman) and Jennie (Tufford) Tallman, of Beamsville. (Grace was the third of four

daughters: Goldie Lawson, Gertie McKenzie, Grace, and Cora Peckham.) (Peter Tallman passed away in 1909, when Grace was 15.) Grace, who had attended Beamsville Bible School, was living and working in Hamilton, as a milliner. Having impressed the brethren with his preaching at Jordan, C. G. had been invited to conduct a three-week meeting and assist in opening the new Sanford Ave. Church of Christ meeting house in Hamilton. "I didn't baptize anyone. But it was one of the best meetings I ever had." Here, the couple met, and the rest is history! "There was someone there that attracted my attention—the dark eyes, the beautiful face." One thing that Gordon remembers about the church opening, "There were Tallmans everywhere!" There, Gordon was invited by Oliver Tallman, Grace's uncle, to visit at the Tallman home, "Evergreen Hill farm," in Smithville, where he stayed three weeks. Gordon proposed—he was 30 and Grace 29 when they married. "Dr. O. H. Tallman from Owen Sound, my first Bible school teacher, was invited to come and marry us."

Their honeymoon was remarkable—centred on the Manitoulin Island, where Grace's sister, and husband, Gertie and Donald McKenzie lived. The couple took the train to Sarnia, a boat to the Soo, and on to Little Current, on the Island. (C. G. may have subscribed to the notion that the Manitoulin Island resembled Nova Scotia!) They then took a cruise on a side-wheeler boat to Detroit. Here the couple was entertained by the daughter of Henry Ford. (Cf. The McKenzies managed the Ford's family vacation property on the North Channel, and were well regarded by the Ford family.) They took the side-wheeler back to the Soo, a boat to Little Current, then on to Killarney for a couple of days. They then proceeded by boat to Owen Sound where they visited the O. H. Tallman family. O. H. was preaching and working in his new career, Chiropractic medicine. O. H., his wife, Hallie Richardson (from Richardsville, KY), and his family, eventually of five children, at the close of the college in Nova Scotia, 1915, had returned from his preaching at that time in Western Canada. They had settled in Owen Sound where O. H.'s sister, Charrie, her husband, William Ellis, wholesale grocery-man, and their family of five sons, were living. Will Ellis had led a house church in the city since arriving in 1908. O. H. was preaching for this group, while training for, and launching his career in Chiropractics. The married couple then returned to Meaford.

Gordon remembered the helpfulness of Grace. She was "a great help to me in many ways..." "could do a lot of things I could not do..." "good musician..." "Knew her Bible as well as I do..." "at home with the rich and poor..." "She was a wonderful woman. She helped me along the way. She stood by me when others were against me."

At Meaford, Grace and Gordon received their first child: daughter, Ruth Avonelle McPhee, born June 27, 1923.

(5) Texas.

C. G.'s health failed and he was advised to seek a dryer climate—sinus problem.: "While in Meaford, Charlie (C. R.) Nicholl, one of the outstanding preachers from Texas, came and he saw the situation. The church in Waco, Texas (100 miles south of Dallas), through his influence, invited me to come down there. So, I left Meaford in February, 1924, for Waco, Texas...One of the best cities in which I have ever lived. I met many



"Ralph Charles McPhee"

people, was kept busy all the time with funerals, meetings, weddings." He served the congregation in that city for almost four years. C. G. recalls that when he first arrived, the elders sent him by train to Abilene, to attend the Abilene Christian College Bible lectures. From Fort Worth, he rode to Abilene with the noted preacher of the day, C. G. Brewer. (The A.C.C. campus was still downtown, shortly to move the "Hill.")

While in Texas, the McPhee's received their second child, Ralph Charles McPhee, born in Waco, April 30, 1928.

C. G. had a successful ministry in Waco. He pioneered a Saturday youth meeting, and helped build a new building (cost \$50.000.

seating 400).
Years later, in
1975, when
McPhee was back
at the A.C.U. Bible
lectures, at a large
gathering, the
chairman, A.
Overton Faubus
(teacher of

Business at the college), shared: "There is a man sitting back there in the audience. He baptized me 47 years ago in Waco, Texas...he was my ideal preacher then...I guess he still is!"

C. G. then preached briefly at Denison, Texas (75 miles north of Dallas).

In September, 1928, C. G returned to Ontario to hold a gospel meeting. There he heard the complaint: Canadian preachers are working in Texas, but no full-time preachers are serving in Ontario! (Brethren Cox and Keffer were preaching part-time at that time.) O. E. Tallman had stated, "He is a splendid speaker, a gentleman, and a Christian. We'd gladly see



Grace, with her two children, Ruth, and Ralph.

him in our work in Canada again." Gordon's wife, Grace, said, "You are going home to see the people of Ontario." Gordon: "I saw this, and decided to come home."



Rosalie and parents

(6) Ontario again.

The McPhees returned to Ontario in 1928, settling at first in Hamilton, at 102 Wentworth St. N. He conducted a gospel meeting at Beamsville, for two weeks, concluding, Aug. 26 (where he baptized ten, including my uncles, Billy and Gerald Ellis). He then held a meeting at Jordan, baptizing 20. At the end of 1928, he became the full-time evangelist where he served the Beamsville "Brick House" congregation until 1930, but declared, "No progress." (His income had dropped from \$45/\$55 week, to \$25.)

The McPhees received their third child, Rosalie, in Beamsville, October 28, 1929."

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First Principles – By C.G. McPhee

Written on: July 28, 2022

Article by: admin

his article was first published in the May issue of the Gospel Herald in 1954. We are republishing it here in co-ordination with our special series on brother McPhee, written by Geoff Ellis'.

Salvation is for men lost in sin, and is the 'most precious pearl within, 'the reach of men. God was not willing that any should perish, hence He sent His Son into the world that whosoever believes on Him should have everlasting life. :The grace of God has appeared, bringing salvation unto all men. "



Conditional Salvation

Salvation is conditional; else it would be universal and all men would be saved and none lost. The Bible teaches that it is conditional. "God is just: He will pay back trouble to those who trouble you and give relief to you who are troubled, and to us as well. This will happen when the Lord Jesus is revealed from heaven in blazing fire with his powerful angels. He will punish those who do not know God and do not obey the gospel of our Lord Jesus. (II Thess 2:6-9)

"Not everyone who says to me, 'Lord, Lord,' will enter the kingdom of heaven, but only the one who does the will of my Father who is in heaven. (Mt 7:21) As surely as these Scriptures are true, salvation is not universal.

- The Bible teaches that salvation is not the portion of the wicked, for "...the ungodly shall perish."
- Salvation is not for the unbelieving, for "he ,that does not believe, shall be condemned".
- Salvation is not for 'the impenitent, for "unless you repent, you shall all likewise perish."
- Salvation is not for the disobedient, for "blessed are they that do His commandments, that they may have a right to the tree of life."

Christ, being the Saviour, has the right to dictate the terms of salvation. It is, therefore imperative that we determine the conditions of salvation and where they are found.

Salvation in Christ.

If salvation from sin is found in Christ, it is vital that we know how to get in Christ. It is not a question as to what I think or you think, but what the Lord has said. In Mk. 16:15-16 he said ""Go into all the world and preach the gospel to all creation. Whoever believes and is baptized will be saved, but whoever does not believe will be condemned."

If the unbeliever is condemned in sin, he does not have salvation through Christ until he believes in Christ. If the sinner cannot get into Christ in his unbelief, the inference is that Man gets into Christ through faith.

- Whoever believes in him is not condemned, but whoever does not believe stands condemned already because they have not believed in the name of God's one and only Son" (John 3:18)
- "Whoever believes in the Son has eternal life, but whoever rejects the Son will not see life, for God's wrath remains on them. (John 3:36)

The sinner is saved by faith in Christ, but nowhere does the Bible teach that we are saved by "faith only". Jesus also said, 'unless you repent, you shall all likewise perish' (Luke 13:3)

Salvation cannot be found everywhere. It is found in Christ and in the name of Christ. "Salvation is found in no one else, for there is no other name under heaven given to



mankind by which we must be saved." (Acts 4:12). If salvation is found in the name of the Lord and there are a hundred organizations and names outside of the Lord, do the scriptures promise us salvation in them? Salvation is in the Lord, and we need not look elsewhere to find it.

Baptized into Christ:

Here is the way that one apostle states the whole matter.

"We are those who have died to sin; how can we live in it any longer? Or don't you know that all of us who were baptized into Christ Jesus were baptized into his death? We were therefore buried with him through baptism into death in order that, just as Christ was raised from the dead through the glory of the Father, we too may live a new life. For if we have been united with him in a death like his, we will certainly also be united with him in a resurrection like his. For we know that our old self was crucified with him so that the body ruled by sin might be done away with, that we should no longer be slaves to sin (Rom 6:2b-6)

Christ died for our sins, was buried and raised from the dead to die no more. Likewise, the sinner dies to the love and practice of sins, is buried with Christ in baptism and raised to walk with Christ in newness of life. The bible plainly states that " all of us who

were baptized into Christ Jesus were baptized into his death". (Rm 6:3). The word 'into' is a preposition that denotes motion – from without to within, or out of one state into another. The sinner is outside of Christ but is baptized into Christ. Before a person is baptized into Christ where there is salvation. he is out of Christ in condemnation. There are no degrees in salvation; for you are either in or out of Christ, just as you are either married or unmarried, you are either a saint or a sinner, lost or saved.

The whole question turns on your reverence for divine authority and your faith in the Son of God. "So in Christ Jesus you



are all children of God through faith, for all of you who were baptized into Christ have clothed yourselves with Christ" (Gal 3:26-27). Baptism brings the sinner who has died to sin into a new relationship in Christ. Baptism therefore stands between the sinner and the death of Christ; it stands between the sinner and the blood of Christ; it stands between the sinner and the merits and benefits of the atoning death of Christ. Having been buried with Christ into death, he is made free from sin, "just as Christ was raised from the dead through the glory of the Father, we too may live a new life" (Rm 6:4).

Look at this question from another angle. The Holy Spirit said "...having been buried with him in baptism, in which you were also raised with him through your faith in the working of God, who raised him from the dead. (Col 2:12). In baptism, God performs an operation. In a physical operation, the doctor does the cutting. In baptism, God cuts off our sins. The power of God that raised Christ from the dead, is the power that raised the sinner from his death to sin unto a life of righteousness in the kingdom of God.



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Is Personal Self Defence Morally Right? (Part 3)

Written on: July 28, 2022

Article by: Kevin Cleary

his final part of our discussion, will serve largely as an addendum to the previous articles. We move on from the question of whether self defence is ever morally right, to consider the expedience of exercising that right. The scriptures call us to give up some of our rights in the interests of others and especially when they may result in irreversible outcomes. How to act and what to do when faced with physical danger is perhaps best determined in advance as circumstances of the moment may 'run out the clock' before we are able to decide. With that in mind we want to consider some tools that can help us maintain our Christian character when under stress. This could be a situation where self defence is required however it may be a car accident major or minor. It could be an injured child. It could even been extreme grief or stress as a result of illness or loss.

What then are some of the things that we ought to take into account when thinking ahead?

- 1. Human life is given by God who has placed the highest possible value upon it and brought it under his protection.
- 2. Acting as God's agents, Christians ought to prioritize the well being of others, and most importantly their eternal salvation.
- 3. Training ourselves to remain in control of our emotions and actions may prove to be invaluable.

With regard to this last point, it is worth considering what happens to our mental and physical state when under severe stress – as when a physical threat may need to be met with physical force to defend ourselves or others.

Even professionals find it hard to maintain self-control when facing danger. When training first responders, I always talk about how the body responds to stress and especially to fear and trauma. So let's touch on that. Most of us have at least heard about the 'fight – flight' response and have in fact experienced it. To that I would add one further "F" – for 'freeze'. Anyone who has caught a prey animal off guard has seen it. It is the classic 'deer in the headlights' response. In some animals it's so powerful that they are at least initially unable to move. People do the same thing. Shock, alarm, stress or fear all trigger this response which we are calling fight, flight or freeze.

Diving a bit deeper; when you shocked or alarmed the amygdala, the part of the brain that senses danger immediately triggers a chain reaction, setting off an alarm system in your body. This prompts your adrenal glands to release a surge of stress hormones, including adrenaline and cortisol. These stress hormones increase your activation

levels and increase heart rate, elevate your blood pressure and boost energy supplies. Breathing becomes shallow and quick. Blood is diverted to the muscles and major organs, muscles become stronger and tighter in preparation for action, pupils dilate (to take in threats in our environment), you sweat and you stop digesting food (not essential to immediate survival). In this state of heightened arousal you are likely to experience certain physiological phenomenon (McLeod, 2010).

These include:

- Auditory exclusion: not hearing all relevant sounds/noises.
- **Perceptional narrowing** (tunnel vision): tendency for perceptional field to shrink putting focus on most dangerous item or person.
- **Time distortion**: can either make events appear to slow down or speed up, (how often have you heard someone describing a traumatic event say time seemed to slow down or it was over in a flash).
- Awareness lapse: certain portions of the event are not recalled because our
 - brain is focused on possible danger and may not process all information in the environment.
- Loss of fine motor skills: loss of dexterity or skills involving refined use of small muscle control (I can remember when I responded to my first structure fire I was unable to properly buckle my helmet).
- vigilance: heightened state of alertness which will often last longer than the initial event. Given this reaction it is easy to see how someone may do or say the wrong thing in a highly dangerous situation.

What we want to be able to do is move our locus of control



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from our amygdala, to our frontal cortex. This part of our brain is responsible for logic and reason. It takes a certain amount of time to do this. The amount of time it takes is not something we are fully able to control. Some people will naturally be able to make the switch faster than others. Those who can do it very quickly are often high-level athletes and or members of elite military units. All the same, it has been shown that through training and stress management practices, it is possible to reduce the time it takes your brain to make the switch from amygdala to frontal cortex. For our purposes we care about this as a means of maintaining Christian virtue through the exercise of self-control.

The circumstances outlined above pertain to 'spur-of-the-moment' events which while they can be prepared may never occur. Dangers that may be reasonably foreseen are also more likely to occur and may be dealt with on a daily basis. These may cause ongoing stress and the Bible has some things to say about why these exist and how we might handle them.



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Danger may come at us from human sources. driven by envy, greed and even hatred. The Devil tempted Cain not only to hate Abel but to rid himself of his brother once and for all. As love is of God. hatred is from the Devil I John 3:12-13. Knowing this, we ought not be surprised when those belonging to Satan, hate those who belong to God. The apostle John reminds us of this because we are in fact surprised by the level of hatred directed at the people of God. Though we are repeatedly warned in scripture, we continue to entertain the mistaken notion that if we try to do good and to be good that good things will happen. John says that this is faulty reasoning, by reminding us of one of the earliest examples of someone who tried to be

faithful and what they got for it, was dead. Jesus himself warns us, "in the world you will have trouble." Therefore, one way to manage difficult situations better, is to better anticipate and prepare for them.

I often see people become frustrated when things do not go according to plan nor do people respond as we had hoped. The Bible provides a dose of realism that helps us to deal with the world (and the Church). Then, when something bad happens we can say that Jesus warned us and showed us how to persist, how to endure and how to overcome.

The Bible helps us to manage our expectations. It does that when we spend time in it and time with our Heavenly Father in prayer. Together, these keep us joined to "the vine" and connected so that we may be spiritually successful and joyful (John 15:1-11).

The introspection and self reflection, facilitated by prayer and study can change us as we draw closer to God. This closeness to our Heavenly Father prepares us to respond to the challenges of life. It also provides a constant reminder of what we value and to whom we belong. God hears our prayers and blesses us according to His will.

God does not lose track – but sometimes we do. Keeping a journal of what we pray for, our innermost thoughts and feelings and what it is that we are studying in the Bible, helps us to recall where we have been and where it is that God is taking us. This can be a significant and effective exercise in what is often called 'cognitive behavioural therapy'. It is both good and healthy to take stock of ourselves throughout the day...to say a prayer and to assess our mental, spiritual and emotional well being, confident that God is always with us.

Maintaining an awareness of where we are, what we are doing and what it is that is going on around us is a practice known as grounding. Grounding is an effective way of reducing stress and avoiding panic. And should panic arise, it helps to slow your breathing by counting four seconds while breathing in, holding it for four seconds, exhaling for four seconds, and holding for four seconds again. Repeat this four second pattern for a few repetitions. This can be done anywhere and will help to lower stress hormones. Reducing panic will help to return control to your frontal cortex – the reasoning part of your mind.

By remaining calm and acting reasonably we can maintain our Christian character at even the worst of times. This may be a time when we hope to avoid the need for physical violence all together. And when it cannot be avoided, we will be prepared with a measured response that values life and protects the innocent.

Some Conclusions:

- The scriptures provide for the use of force when life is in danger
- Christians are called to consider the eternal best interests of all involved.
- Learning to manage our response to stressful, dangerous or deeply troubling situations is an important part of maintaining Christian character.
- Insofar as it is up to us, we are to live at peace with all people.

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Hidden Treasure

Written on: July 28, 2022

Article by: Tim Johnson

I like watching *Antiques Roadshow*. One episode stands out in my mind, when an old lady brought in a small, fragile-looking table. The appraiser looked it over and became very excited because the table was worth a half-million dollars! Turns out it was genuine Chippendale, the queen of all furniture. It was a great moment for antique lovers.

There's a moment like that in the Bible. Jesus spoke of a man who found a treasure buried in a field (Matt.13:44). In those days there were no banks, and people hid their wealth in places where thieves couldn't find it. The man was thrilled to discover this long-lost buried treasure. But he had a problem: the owner of the field was the rightful owner of the treasure buried in it. So, the man sold everything that he had and bought the field, thus securing the treasure. Obviously, the treasure was of much greater worth than all his other possessions.

Jesus explained that the kingdom of heaven is like this man who found the treasure. When someone looks into the Bible and understands what the kingdom is, and goes out and finds it, he has discovered a treasure. I've met people who discovered it by simply encountering the church, not really intending to search for spiritual treasure. People with good hearts are often thrilled to find it and do everything possible to become part of it. It's like selling all you have to gain something wonderful.

The New Testament tells us about another man who found the treasure of the kingdom of heaven. His name was Paul. Later, he wrote a letter to some fellow believers and declared, about the Savior, "Christ Himself, in whom are hidden all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge."

The question is – have you found the treasure yet? And if you have, do you treat it as more valuable than all that you have?

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The Preacher: The Man and His Work

Written on: July 28, 2022

Article by: Dave Knutson

n the June issue, in an article entitled 'Spiritual Leadership in the Church" we touched briefly on the person and work of the 'evangelist' in the context of other leadership roles. This article expands somewhat upon the work that God calls evangelists to do. Geoff Ellis' current series of articles about brother C.G. McPhee highlights the key role that men like him have played in the growth and spiritual health of congregagions in Canada.

From time to time, every congregation finds itself in search of someone to work in this capacity. Such times may provide a healthy pause during which a church may re-evaluate where they are as a congregation and what they should be looking for in a preacher.

To help with that process, and with such selection, this article this article explores two things:

- What the Bible says about the work that an evangelist is called to do.
- And then secondly, the kind of man that an evangelist is to be and aspire to be.

One of the 'speaking ministries' that we find in scripture is that of the preacher or evangelist. Both the Synoptic gospels and the Book of Acts tell us that this was the main thing that Jesus spent his time doing. Evangelists in the church carry on that same work

In the New Testament, the verb form 'to teach' is more common than the noun – 'teacher'. Here are the 3 places where the noun form occurs, and these are important since they specify this function as a distinct role or 'office' in the church.

- 1. The first is a reference to Philip in Acts 6.
- He was one of the seven chosen to oversee the distribution of food
- But he is also called 'the evangelist' (Acts 21:8).
- He preached in Jerusalem and in Samaria.
- He taught the Ethiopian eunuch and then preached throughout the coastal cities of Judea in Acts 8
- 2. The second reference is in Ephesians 4:11 which reads:

And He gave some as apostles, and some as prophets, and some as evangelists, and some as pastors and teachers, for the equipping of the saints for the work of service, to the building up of the body of Christ

3. And then In 2nd Timothy 4:5 the apostle Paul exhorted Timothy

"But you, be sober in all things, endure hardship, do the work of an evangelist, fulfill your ministry."

Timothy is also addressed in Paul's letters as

- A minister (servant) (I Tim 4:6)
- The Lord's servant (II Tim 2:24)
- A Man of God (I Tim 6:11)

These suggest facets of who the preacher is and what he must be in order to do the work of an evangelist. There was a special connection between the evangelist and the apostles in that much of their work was the same

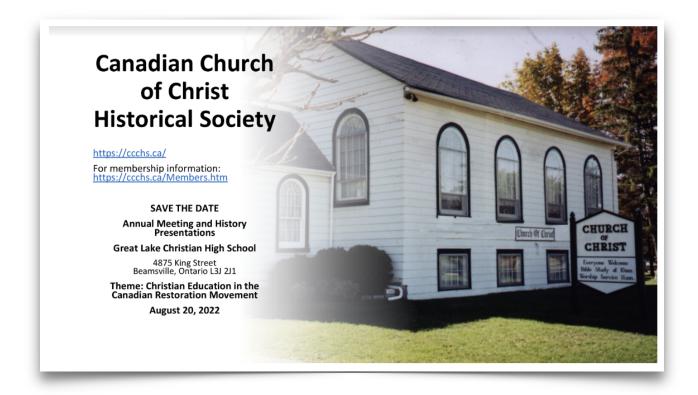
Paul often described his ministry in terms of preaching the gospel.

- In Romans 1:15, I Cor 1:17, Gal. 1:8 Paul says that he evangelized
- In I Cor 1:23, Gal 2:2 and I Thess 2:9 he proclaimed the word

The apostles were appointed to their role by the Lord Jesus. Evangelists on the other hand were not appointed directly by the Lord, yet they shared the job of proclaiming the gospel. There is also no indication that like the prophets, they received their message directly from the Holy Spirit. It seems that they needed to learn, to study and apply themselves to scripture in a responsible way

The Work of an Evangelist

It almost seems redundant then to say that evangelists – evangelized, since the word itself means "one who preaches the gospel". As a servant of Christ, the evangelist is a minister of the word



One of his responsibilities is to put the Lord's instructions before the brothers and sisters – as we find in I Tim 4:6. "In pointing out these things to the brethren, you will be a good servant (slave) of Christ Jesus, *constantly* nourished on the words of the faith and of the sound doctrine which you have been following".

Timothy's first allegiance was to Jesus. He followed the Lord's instructions and shared these with others. In that sense he is a "Man of God" (I Tim 6:11). In the Old Testament this term referred to the prophets. (I Kings 13:1-32). Prophets were messengers from God, sent to teach God's word, and thereby calling God's people back to faithfulness

The writings of Paul indicate a number of different kinds of preaching and activities associated with it.

 Philip the evangelist worked in Samaria and along the coastal cities to preach the gospel and win converts to the faith (Acts 8:5-13)

He travelled and preached.

• Then he located in one place and continued to work. About 20 years after Acts 8:40 we find him and his family in Caesarea up that same coast. He was working as a 'located preacher' with the church at Caesarea

Other evangelists did the same things that Philip did. They won new members and they planted churches. They visited churches and if they found them deficient in doctrine or practice, they stayed to turn those congregations back to God. With new church plants, they worked to organize the church, having a hand in the appointment of elders.

Paul left Titus in Crete for that very purpose.

"For this reason I left you in Crete, that you would set in order what remains and appoint elders in every city as I directed you," Titus 1:5

Having said that, it appears that evangelists did more than just preach the gospel and plant new churches. As evangelists, Timothy and Titus were to 'strengthen' those already in the faith and to refute false teachings in well established congregations – even those with elders – as we see in I Tim 4:6

Included in these were

- Matters pertaining to worship (who does what) I Tim 2:1-15
- Church organization and leadership I Tim 3:1-13
- To warn of false teachings and apostasy I Tim 4:1-5

Like Timothy, Titus was also to teach that which was consistent with 'sound doctrine'. (2:1). This included instructions for different age groups of both genders and members of various levels of society (Tit 2:2-10)

One way that they strengthened the church was by refuting error'.

So Paul wrote this to Timothy

 As I urged you upon my departure for Macedonia, remain on at Ephesus so that you may instruct certain men not to teach strange doctrines (I Tim 1:3) Note that this was a congregation with elders. To Titus, Paul wrote

For there are many rebellious men, empty talkers and deceivers, especially those of the circumcision, who must be silenced because they are upsetting whole families, teaching things they should not *teach* for the sake of sordid gain. One of themselves, a prophet of their own, said, "Cretans are always liars, evil beasts, lazy gluttons." This testimony is true. For this reason reprove them severely so that they may be sound in the faith...

Replacing false doctrine with the truth...was part of a preacher's job. We find this over and over again in the pastoral epistles – which tells us that it remains an important element of a preacher's work.

Paul said much the same to Timothy: I Tim 4:1-6, where he sums up saying:

In pointing out these things to the brethren, you will be a good servant of Christ Jesus, *constantly* nourished on the words of the faith and of the sound doctrine which you have been following. You might also read: Il Tim 2:24, 4:2 and Tit 2:1

So evangelists were engaged in edification and exhortation. They built people up by preaching the word. They stopped false doctrine by refuting it. They supported what they said by appealing to sound reasoning and to scripture. And they promoted the kind of change that God wanted.

Evangelists also had a duty to perpetuate the evangelistic work of the church. They did this at least in part by training others to carry on the work as Paul directed Timothy: "You therefore, my son, be strong in the grace that is in Christ Jesus. The things which you have heard from me in the presence of many witnesses, entrust these to faithful men who will be able to teach others also (II Tim 2:2). Timothy was to find other like minded and perhaps like-gifted men and then provide biblical knowledge and skills training. These men in turn were to do the same.

In I Tim 4:13 Paul seems to sum up the public work of an evangelist: "Until I come, give attention to the *public* reading *of Scripture*, to exhortation and teaching"

Preachers ought to engage in all of these activities

- Reading scripture with others ensures that the instruction that follows is Biblical in nature. The preacher must be a student of God's word. Timothy was diligent in his handling of scripture and consistent in its application. He was able to explain it to others in a way that made sense. That was important since an evangelist needs to convince others. This calls for logic and proper reasoning so that the truth is known and the road to finding the truth can be travelled again and again. Part of a teacher's job is not just to supply content but to teach others to be good students of God's word.
- And then Timothy was to encourage. The gospel is basically good news and we
 need to hear it over and over. It is encouraging by nature, but is easily forgotten
 or drowned out by the cares and worries of life. It gets pushed to the back of our
 minds which is why the preacher is to make it front and centre again. An
 important part of the preacher's job is build us up.

Excerpt from https://gospelherald.org August 2022 issue

All of this is demanding work and why God has provided for preachers to be supported and able to work full-time (I Cor 9:13-14). Such support is extended to elders who also engaged in teaching and preaching (I Tim 5:18). By providing financial support for the work of elders and evangelists God indicated that these were permanent roles and functions within the church.

- As we have seen, elders were to be appointed in all of the churches
- And preachers were to find and train others to carry on their work.

We serve now as they did then. We are God's agents on earth, and on a mission to bring other people to the one who can save them. Evangelism is necessary: essential to church life and the persistence of the church on earth. Those who lead must be fully engaged in it and set an example for others to follow

The Evangelist as a Man of God.

Given the kind of spiritual work that an evangelist is called to do, what sort of man ought he to be?

The apostle Paul wrote:

The Lord's bond-servant must not be quarrelsome, but be kind to all, able to teach, patient when wronged, with gentleness correcting those who are in opposition, if perhaps God may grant them repentance leading to the knowledge of the truth, and they may come to their senses *and escape* from the snare of the devil, having been held captive by him to do his will. (II Tim 2:24-26)

You'll notice that some of these qualifications are personal qualities and some are skill's oriented.

The list includes:

- The ability to teach
 - Not everyone is good at it.
 - Let me suggest that some should avoid it.
 - And as James warns in chapter 3 of his letter, no one should presume to teach without proper preparation (Jas 3:1-2)
- Kindness this is a benevolent disposition that works for the good of others one that always grants the benefit of the doubt.
- Patience:
 - o It allows enough time for the message to get through
 - It gives people time to catch up and to catch on and to grow up if that's what's needed.
- Gentleness a quality of tenderness in the handling of other's feelings
 - As a tool in the hands of the evangelist, it finds a way to convey the truth without compromise in a way that is least offensive for the purpose of clarity and persuasion.
- And Paul says that the man of God ought not be guarrelsome.

 He must not be a person who loves a good 'fight' or goes looking to 'pick a fight'. That is not his predisposition or demeanour.

In I Tim 6:3-10, the apostle Paul gives a long list of conduct to be avoided. Included in that list of things that the preacher must must **not do**:

- He must not advocate a different doctrine than what the apostles taught.
- He must not get stuck on controversial subjects that cause division
- He must not do anything to give rise to envy, strife, the use of abusive language, evil suspicions, and constant friction between men
- And he must not desire to become rich, but content himself with the means that God puts at his disposal

Instead Paul says: "...flee from these things, you man of God, and pursue righteousness, godliness, faith, love, perseverance *and* gentleness" (Vs 11). And to these Paul added the quality of 'purity' in I Tim 5:22. Notice the things in which Timothy was to serve as an example to the church – (I Tim 4:12)

Let no one look down on your youthfulness, but *rather* in speech, conduct, love, faith *and* purity, show yourself an example of those who believe. Perhaps we are more in danger today of despising age instead of youth. But, Timothy – and by extension, all preachers are to set an example in:

Speech:

- O That is, what is said from the pulpit and how it is said
- To set an example in day to day conversation as well as when teaching or explaining God's word.

Conduct

 Including interaction with others, moral conduct, a healthy work ethic and overall Christian attitude.

An example in love

- The kind of love that pursues the best interests of others.
- A love that is never conditioned upon the lovableness of others, but like the one described by Paul in I Cor 13

An example in faith:

- Both the content of what one believes and the degree of zeal with which it is held.
- Timothy was to be a man who fully trusted God with his personal life, walking with God from day to day
- A faithful Christian fully dispatching his duties as a preacher

An example in purity

Blameless in moral conduct.

- Having his mind set upon spiritual values and not upon physical or base desire.
- Living a life set apart for God.

Later again in that same chapter Paul added

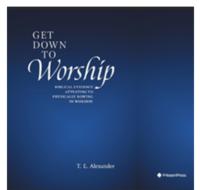
Take pains with these things; be *absorbed* in them, so that your progress will be evident to all. Pay close attention to yourself and to your teaching; persevere in these things, for as you do this you will ensure salvation both for yourself and for those who hear you. (vs 15-16)

Timothy was to be diligent about his duties as a preacher. They were to command his attention and he was to pursue them.

This then is the kind of man that a congregation ought to look for and the kind of work that the Lord wants him to do. The evangelist himself must aspire to these qualities in order to serve as an agent of the Lord among those who love the Lord.

Now perhaps more than ever in the recent history of the church in Canada, such men are needed. May each congregation and each body of elders do their best to raise up such men, equipping them to serve for the greater progress of the gospel.

Note: article adapted from a presentation made by the author at Sault Ste Marie.



Get Down to Worship By Tim Alexander

About the Book:

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https://books.friesenpress.com/store/title/119734000051659193/T.-E.-Alexander-Get-Down-To-Worship

About the Author:

Tim Alexander is a life-long Christian with a love for languages. He reads his Bible with an eye for getting away from human-made traditions and discovering the pure will of God. He works for a non-profit Christian organization and has had the opportunity to travel and speak in churches around the world.

Tim and his wife live in Beamsville, Ontario, Canada.

The Longest Walk That You Will Ever Take

Written on: July 28, 2022

Article by: Bob Sandiford

enesis 22:1-19 (NIV) Some time later God tested Abraham. He said to him, "Abraham!"

"Here I am," he replied. ² Then God said, "Take your son, your only son, whom you love—Isaac—and go to the region of Moriah. Sacrifice him there as a burnt offering on a mountain I will show you."

³ Early the next morning Abraham got up and loaded his donkey. He took with him two of his servants and his son Isaac. When he had cut enough wood for the burnt offering, he set out for the place God had told him about. ⁴ On the third day Abraham looked up and saw the place in the distance. ⁵ He said to his servants, "Stay here with the donkey while I and the boy go over there. We will worship and then we will come back to you." ⁶ Abraham took the wood for the burnt offering and placed it on his son Isaac, and he himself carried the fire and the knife. As the two of them went on together, ⁷ Isaac spoke up and said to his father Abraham, "Father?" "Yes, my son?" Abraham replied. "The fire and wood are here," Isaac said, "but where is the lamb for the burnt offering?" ⁸ Abraham answered, "God himself will provide the lamb for the burnt offering, my son." And the two of them went on together.

- ⁹ When they reached the place God had told him about, Abraham built an altar there and arranged the wood on it. He bound his son Isaac and laid him on the altar, on top of the wood. ¹⁰ Then he reached out his hand and took the knife to slay his son. ¹¹ But the angel of the LORD called out to him from heaven, "Abraham! Abraham!" "Here I am," he replied.
- ¹² "Do not lay a hand on the boy," he said. "Do not do anything to him. Now I know that you fear God, because you have not withheld from me your son, your only son." ¹³ Abraham looked up and there in a thicket he saw a ram caught by its horns. He went over and took the ram and sacrificed it as a burnt offering instead of his son. ¹⁴ So Abraham called that place The LORD Will Provide. And to this day it is said, "On the mountain of the LORD it will be provided."
- ¹⁵ The angel of the LORD called to Abraham from heaven a second time ¹⁶ and said, "I swear by myself, declares the LORD, that because you have done this and have not withheld your son, your only son, ¹⁷ I will surely bless you and make your descendants as numerous as the stars in the sky and as the sand on the seashore. Your descendants will take possession of the cities of their enemies, ¹⁸ and through your offspring all nations on earth will be blessed, because you have obeyed me." ¹⁹ Then Abraham returned to his servants, and they set off together for Beersheba. And Abraham stayed in Beersheba.

God spoke to Abraham and gave him a very a specific command "Take your son, and offer him as a burnt offering." This passage tells us right at the beginning that this was a test for Abraham – but *Abraham* did not know that. Everything about it was real and he had a lot of time to dwell on it, both before leaving the next morning and for the next three days on the way to Moriah.

What was he thinking? The Genesis account does not tell us, but the decision that he made is plain to see. He immediately obeyed God, travelling from Beersheba to an area near Jerusalem and perhaps to the very mountain on which the Temple was later built [2 Chron 3:1].

As the 'crow flies', this was about 60 or 70 kilometres. But the point is that he did not drag his feet or stop to think things over. Whether or not he slept well at night, the one thing that he did not do was to 'second-guess' God. God had already called him from his homeland to a place he had never been. God had kept His promise that he and Sarah would have a son – through whom the nations of the earth would be blessed. And God had protected him for many years in a foreign land making him visibly wealthy such that people around him were jealous.

A lesser man might have had doubts. He might have resented having to leave home and living for decades without an heir. He might have faltered in the face of family pressure or rebelled in the name of human decency. He might have taken this as a sign that God had turned against him and canceled the promises made so long ago. He might have done any or all of these, but he did not.

There was no question in Abraham's mind that God was the one commanding the sacrifice of his son. There was no doubt about the source of his troubles or what it was that he was to do.

Often, when we face troubles, it is with less certainty about their source or clarity about the road ahead. We may ask why it is that God permits us suffer as we do. Why have the things that are happening in my life taken such a negative turn?

- Why do I have cancer?
- Why was my spouse unfaithful to me?
- Why have my children rejected me?
- Why did my friend betray a confidence?
- Why does my family reject me for choosing to follow God?
- Why am I being persecuted?
- Why, God? Why me? What do You want me to do?
- That doesn't make sense to me are You sure?

Since we believe in God and trust Him, our faith is put to the test. We may *even* wonder if God is there at all.

Let's dig a bit more deeply into our story:

To start with, this is a very strange command. God commanded a human sacrifice when all that was known about God forbade the taking of innocent life. (Gen. 9:6) Sometime later God explicitly condemned human sacrifices to Molech. [ref: Lev 18:21, 20:2-5, Jer 32:35] Why then would God want Abraham to kill his son?

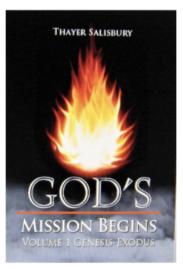
From God's point of view, He was testing Abraham. His intentions became clear when the altar was built and the knife was raised. From start to finish, this was all about the test. Abraham was being put to the test...and not God. It is God's right to test us...but we are never to do so with Him. His integrity is not in question nor is His resolve or power to keep His promises. But God's command forced Abraham to make a choice. He said in effect: take your son, your only son whom you love, through whom you hoped to have descendants, and subordinate all of that to your love for and fear of Me.

And in response. Abraham set out as soon possible. He headed straight for the place that God would show him. When the time came. Abraham and Isaac went on alone leaving the servants with their animals and supplies. Yet in parting, Abraham said to the two young men: "I and the lad will go over there; and we will worship and return to you." "We" will return to you. This may seem a strange thing for Abraham to say, knowing that God had commanded him to sacrifice Isaac as a burnt offering. But we know from the book of Hebrews what Abraham had concluded.

Hebrews

11:17-19 (NIV) ¹⁷ By faith Abraham, when God tested him, offered Isaac as a sacrifice. He who had embraced the promises was about to sacrifice his one and only son, ¹⁸ even though God had said to him, "It is through Isaac that your offspring will be reckoned." ¹⁹ Abraham

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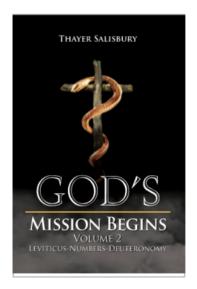
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reasoned that God could even raise the dead, and so in a manner of speaking he did receive Isaac back from death.

The test was: does Abraham have enough faith in Me to obey Me by taking the life of his son? Does he believe that I will still fulfill My promises to Him that can only come to pass through Isaac?

 After all, God had twice promised to Abraham – that He would bless Abraham through his son Isaac – making Isaac the one through whom Abraham would have descendants.

Genesis 17:19 (NIV) ¹⁹ Then God said, "...your wife Sarah will bear you a son, and you will call him Isaac. I will establish my covenant with him as an everlasting covenant for his descendants after him.

Genesis 21:12 (NIV) ¹² But God said to [Abraham], "..it is through Isaac that your offspring will be reckoned.

The choice then was to believe or not to believe, to obey or to disobey God. There was no middle ground – no way to obey short of offering his son Isaac. Isaac was still just a lad, unmarried and without descendants.

But Abraham did not try to rationalize his way out. He did not say:

- Since I know that God is a loving God, He would never seriously ask me to do this thing.
- That God is testing me to see how primitive or lofty my view of Him is. Only a legalist would insist on obeying God when His command is clearly in violation of all that is right and good.

Instead, Abraham resolved this contradiction by recognizing that God had already fulfilled many of His promises, and he believed that God would fulfill this one also. In fact, he thought that God would fulfill His promise by raising Isaac from the dead.

Abraham stepped out in faith. He did not do it blindly, nor did he abandon rational thinking. This was absolutely not an 'existential leap' from a meaningless present to an unknown future. Quite the opposite. It was exactly what Biblical faith must always be. Abraham trusted the God whom he knew was there. He heeded the God who had not been silent. He obeyed the God who always rewarded obedience, and in so doing, he charted a course for us all to follow. He looked beyond the land of promise to an eternal city whose builder and maker is God. Fortified by promises kept, he took hold of by faith – those promises yet to come.

Abraham's faith resulted in obedience. His was not faith in faith...but faith in almighty God and in His word. To which God responded by reaffirming His promises to Abraham.

Genesis 22:15-18 (NIV) ¹⁵ The angel of the LORD called to Abraham ... ¹⁶ and said, "I swear by myself, declares the LORD, that because you have done this and have not withheld your son, your only son, ¹⁷ I will surely bless you and make your descendants as numerous as the stars in the sky and as the sand on the seashore. Your

descendants will take possession of the cities of their enemies, ¹⁸ and through your offspring all nations on earth will be blessed, because you have obeyed me."

"Now I *know* that you fear God, since you have not withheld your son, your only son, from Me." (22:12)

Two thing push to the forefront in these verses.

- On the one hand, there is God who knows the future before it happens. Which means that He knew what Abraham would choose. Yet He responded to Abraham's obedience saying "now I know".
- On the other hand, each of us are participants in a real history that has not yet been written. Our choices – while known in advance by God – are nevertheless real and must first become concrete events in space and time. They do not actually exist until they come to pass. As an affirmation of the necessity of our choosing – God waited to say "Now I know".

Abraham passed a test that he might also have failed and in so doing provided a 'type' for the sacrifice of God's own Son (Heb 11:19)

It is clear then that God's advance 'knowing' does not impinge upon or predetermine our 'doing'. Each is real yet distinctly separate as causal realities. God has given us freedom of choice and honours our choices. Biblical faith is ours and not something imposed upon us from above. This was true for God's own Son. The Father knew that Jesus would live a sinless life and would die upon the cross for our salvation. He predicted this and more in scriptures, all of which were fulfilled by Jesus. Yet Jesus still had to choose. He still had to obey and He still had to go to the cross. It was not finished until it was.

And so it was that Abraham really did pass God's test. This passage in Genesis was recorded by God through Moses for *our* benefit – for teaching and training us in righteousness [ref: 2 Tim 3:16]. And while we are spectators to the life of Abraham, we are participants in the here and now.

God is not finished with us. Each of His commands tests our obedience. The question for us is: will be trust Him enough to obey Him?

Abraham showed us that:

- Trust in God is never misplaced.
- That obedience to God is always right whether or not we understand why a thing has been commanded.
- That the commands of God are never in conflict with His promises.
- And that a life of faith leads to life in the presence of God where it is no longer needed.

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