

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

12004 BASE COAT REDUCER (MEDIUM) PRODUCT:

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier..... Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive

Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189 12004 BASE COAT REDUCÉR (MEDIUM)

Product identifier.....

Recommended use and restrictions on ...

Paints.

Chemical family.....

Solvent blend. Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0.

NFPA rating.....

H: 2 F: 3 R: 0.

24 hour emergency number:....

Signal Word...... DANGER.

For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Hazard Classification	Flammable Liquid 2. Aspiration Toxicity 1. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (narcotic effects). Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 2. Specific
Hazard Description	Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated Exposure — Category 2. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of
Prevention	causing cancer. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks,
	open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P301 + P310 If swallowed IMMEDIATELY CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTRE and follow instructions provided by the centre. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get medical attention or advice. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.
Storage	P235 Keep cool. P403 + P233 Store in a well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.
DisposalNote	
I NO CO	This product mixture has been classified based off its ingredients.

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SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS#	WT. %	
Xylene	1330-20-7	10-30	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	10-30	
Methyl N-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	10-30	
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate	108-65-6	10-30	
Toluene	108-88-3	7-13	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	763-69-9	7-13	
Light Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-89-8	5-10	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	0.1-1	

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes skin and eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. This product contains ingredients that may cause cancer. This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Additional information	Treat victims symptomatically. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media

"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. Do not use water in a jet.

 Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Toxic vapours may be evolved upon exposure to heat or open flame.

Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak/spill.....

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Avoid all personal contact. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Use explosion-proof or hand pumps and non-sparking tools and equipment. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling.....

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Handle and open container with care. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.



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SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight.

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA ACG	IH TLV STEL	PEL OSH	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established
	CA ON: 100ppm (TWA); 150ppm (STEL)				
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	200 ppm	300 ppm	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm TWA
	CA ON: 200ppm (TV	WA), 300ppm (STEL)			
Methyl N-Amyl Ketone	50 ppm	Not established	100 ppm	465 mg/m3 TWA	Not established
	CA ON: 25 ppm; 115 mg/m3 (TWA)				
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Toluene	20 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm
	CA ON: TWA: 20 ppm				
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Light Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	50 ppm	75 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	50 ppm / STEL 75 ppm
	ON: 20 ppm (TWA),	75 ppm (STEL)			

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory/type..... Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator

when contaminant levels exceed the recommended exposure limits.

Liquid chemical goggles. Chemical safety goggles and full faceshield if a splash hazard Eye/type.....

exists.

Gloves/ type..... Chemical resistant gloves.

Wear adequate protective clothes. Clothing/type.....

Footwear/type.....

Other/type.....

Safety boots per local regulations.
Safety boots per local regulations.
Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available.
Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne Appropriate engineering controls..... exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about

adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state	Liquid.
Odour	Solvent odour.
Odour threshold (ppm)	Not available.
Vapour pressure (mm Hg)	Not available.
Vapour density (air=1)	>1.
pH	Not applicable.
Density	7.15 lb/usg - 0.86 g/mL.
Relative Density (Specific Gravity)	0.856.
Melting / Freezing point (deg C)	<-30°C.
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water.
Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C).	> 79.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flash point (deg C), method	-9 °C. (estimate; lowest flash point ingredient).
Auto ignition temperature (deg C)	> 300.
Upper flammable limit (% vol)	11.5.
Lower flammable limit (% vol)	0.9.
Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water	Not available.
% Volatile by volume	>99.
VOC (less water)	7.08 lb/usg - 848.37 g/L.
Viscosity	13" Zahn #2.
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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Explosive reactions can occur in the presence of strong

oxidizing agents.

Chemical stability.....Possibility of hazardous reactions..... Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
Will not occur under normal temperature and pressure. Keep away from heat. Incompatible with strong oxidizers. Conditions to avoid, including static

discharge, shock or vibration

Incompatible materails.....Hazardous decomposition products.....

Xylene will attack some plastics, rubber and coatings. Oxides of carbon (CO,CO2). See hazardous combustion products section 5.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50	
Xylene		6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		>5,000 ppm (6 hours, rat), 11000 ppm (45 minutes, mouse)	3,400 mg/kg (rat, oral), >8000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal), 670 mg/kg (mouse, oral)	
Methyl N-Amyl Ketone		Not Available	1,670 mg/kg rat oral 12,600 mg/kg rabbit dermal	
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate		Not Available	8,532 mg/kg (rat oral) >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)	
Toluene		8000ppm (rat inhalation) 400ppm mouse (inhalation 24hr)	5,000 mg/kg (rat ora)l; 12,124 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate		>998 ppm 6 hours	4,309 mg/kg rat oral 4,080 mg/kg rabbit dermal	
Light Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha		3400 ppm 4hr rat	3000 mg/kg dermal rat	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		8.2 - 16.4 mg/L 4 hours rat	2080 mg/kg (rat oral) >16,000 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)	
Route of exposure Effects of acute exposure	. The aromatic hydrocarbon solvents in this product can be irritating to the eyes, nose and throat. In high concentration, they may cause central nervous system depression and narcosis characterized by nausea, lightheadedness and dizziness from overexposure by			
Effects of chronic exposure	effects. Intentional misu	rations of vapour may cause anesthese by deliberately concentrating an	etic effects and serious health d inhaling this product may be	
Skin contactSkin absorption				
	Can cause redness, irritation, tissue destruction. Solvent vapours may be irritating to the eyes, nose and throat, resulting in redness, burning and itching of eyes, dryness of the throat and tightness in the chest. Breathing of high			
Inhalation (chronic)	vapour concentrations may cause anesthetic effects and serious health effects. Chronic exposure to organic solvent vapors have been associated with various neurotoxic effects including permanent brain and/or nervous system damage, kidney, liver, blood damage and reproductive effects among women. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, headache, impaired memory, loss of coordination, insomnia and breathing difficulties. Excessive inhalation of vapours can cause respiratory irritation, dizziness, headache, nausea and asphyxiation.			
Ingestion	Aspiration of material in be harmful or fatal if swa	to lungs can cause chemical pneun	nonitis which can be fatal. May	
Carcinogenicity of material	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone i isobutyl ketone is known	is possibly carcinogenic to humans n to the state of California to cause	(IARC Group 2B). Methyl cancer and developmental	
Reproductive effects	effects. High level exposure to Xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. Toluene is fetotoxic in rats and mice at maternally toxic levels. Prolonged and repeated exposure of pregnant animals (>1500 ppm) to Toluene have been reported to cause adverse fetal developmental effects. In one study, Methyl Ethyl Ketone has been found to cause embryol toxicity in large concentrations. Methyl isobutyl ketone passes through the placental barrier.			
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Causes damage to orga	ans through prolonged or repeated as. May cause respiratory irritation.	exposure . May cause	

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

On Domestic Substances List (DSL). CEPA status..... TSCA inventory status..... All components are listed. OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. SARA Title III Section 302 - extremely hazardous None. substances Section 311/312 - hazard categories....... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Section 313.....EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) Methyl Ethyl Ketone. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Toluene. Xylene. Benzene. Cumene. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Toluene. Xylene. 40CFR63 California Proposition 65..... *WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. *WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer: DiscLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is b

experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

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