

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

12032 BASE COAT BALANCING CLEAR 1 GAL PRODUCT:

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier..... Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive

Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189

12032 BASE COAT BALANCING CLEAR 1 GAL

Product identifier..... Recommended use and restrictions on ...

Signal Word.....

Hazard Classification.....

Chemical family..... NFPA rating.....

Acrylic coating. Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0.

DANGER.

Paints.

HMIS..... H: 2 F: 3 R: 0. 24 hour emergency number:.....

For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Flammable Liquid 2. Aspiration Toxicity 1. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. STOT SE 3. Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated Exposure — Category 2. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters Hazard Description..... airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to the liver and kidneys through prolonged or repeated contact.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all Prevention..... safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + Response P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P301 + P310 If swallowed IMMEDIATELY CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTRE and follow instructions provided by the centre. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get medical attention or advice. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P321 - For specific treatment see section 4 on this SDS. P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. Storage..... P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations. Disposal.....

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS				
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS#	WT. %		
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10-30		
Toluene	108-88-3	10-30		
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate	108-65-6	5-10		
Xylene	1330-20-7	5-10		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	3-7		
Acetone	67-64-1	3-7		
Methyl N-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	1-5		
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	1-5		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1-3		
n-Heptane	142-82-5	0.1-1		

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	
Skin contact	least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention. Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If
	irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. If
Additional information	spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat victims symptomatically. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that
	medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media
Specific hazards arising from the

Specific hazards arising from thehazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products
Special protective equipment andprecautions for fire-fighters

"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. Water spray.

Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Toxic vapours may be evolved upon exposure to heat or open flame.

Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak/spill.....

Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Contain the spill. Avoid all personal contact. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material. Shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of water (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10 (20%); or water (90%), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%).

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling.....

Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Ground handling equipment. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight.



SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

			1		1
INGREDIENTS	TWA	SIH TLV STEL	PEL OSH.	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
n-Butyl Acetate	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm / STEL 200 ppm
	CA ON: 50ppm (TWA), 150ppm (STEL)				
Toluene	20 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm
	CA ON: TWA: 20 p	om			
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established
	CA ON: 100ppm (TWA); 150ppm (STEL)				
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	200 ppm	300 ppm	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm TWA
	CA ON: 200ppm (T	WA), 300ppm (STEL)			
Acetone	250 ppm TLV	500 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
	CA ON: 500ppm (TWA); 750ppm (STEL)				
Methyl N-Amyl Ketone	50 ppm	Not established	100 ppm	465 mg/m3 TWA	Not established
	ON OEL: 25 ppm; 1	15 mg/m3 (TWA)			
Isopropyl Alcohol	200 ppm	400 ppm	400 ppm (TWA)	500 ppm	400 ppm
	CA ON: 200 ppm (7	WA), 400 ppm (STEL)			
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm
	CA ON: 20ppm (TV	VA)			
n-Heptane	400 ppm	500 ppm	500 ppm	Not Established	85 ppm / STEL 440 ppm
CA ON: 400ppm (TWA), 500ppm (STEL)					
Personal Protective Equ					
Eye/type					
Gloves/ type					
Clothing/type					
				olow airborno	
Appropriate engineering controls Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air					
contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial				erations, to capture	
ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation.					idance about

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state Liquid.	
Odour Solvent odour.	
Odour threshold (ppm) Not available.	
pH No data. Melting / Freezing point (deg C) Not available.	
Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C). > 56 °C.	
Flash point (deg C), method18°C. (estimate	d).
Evaporation rate Not available.	
Upper flammable limit (% vol) 12.6.	
Lower flammable limit (% vol) 1.1.	
Vapour pressure (mm Hg) Not available.	
Vapour density (air=1)	
Relative Density (Specific Gravity) 7.8 lbs/gal - 0.93	6.
Solubility No data.	
Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water Not available.	
Auto ignition temperature (deg C) > 215.	

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Decomposition temperature...... Not available.

VOC (less water)...... 5.58 lb/gal - 669 g/L.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability...... Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid, including static Keep away from heat. Incompatible with strong oxidizers.

discharge, shock or vibration

Hazardous decomposition products........ Oxides of carbon (CO,CO2).

Possibility of hazardous reactions...... Will not occur under normal temperature and pressure.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50
n-Butyl Acetate		>33 mg/L vapour, 5.2 mg/L (rat) dust/mist	10760 mg/kg (rat, oral) 14112 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)
Toluene		8000ppm rat inhalation 400ppm mouse inhalation 24hr	5,000 mg/kg rat oral; 12,124 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate		Not Available	8,532 mg/kg (rat oral) >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Xylene		6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		>5,000 ppm (6 hours, rat), 11000 ppm (45 minutes, mouse)	3,400 mg/kg (rat, oral), >8000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal), 670 mg/kg (mouse, oral)
Acetone		50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)
Methyl N-Amyl Ketone		Not Available	1,670 mg/kg rat oral 12,600 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Isopropyl Alcohol		72600 mg/m3, rat (4 hr)	1870 mg/kg (oral, rat). 4059 mg/kg (dermal, rabbit)
Ethylbenzene		No data	3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal
n-Heptane		103 mg/m3 rat 4 hr	> 5000 mg/kg (oral, rat)
Route of exposure Effects of acute exposure Effects of chronic exposure Carcinogenicity of material Reproductive effects	Contact with skin can cause severe irritation. Contact with eyes may cause irritation. Ingestion may cause adverse health effects. Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health effects. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. Ethylbenzene is classified as an A3 known animal carcinogen. High level exposure to Xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. Toluene is fetotoxic in rats and mice at maternally toxic levels. Prolonged and repeated exposure of pregnant animals (>1500 ppm) to Toluene have been reported to cause adverse fetal developmental effects. In one study, Methyl Ethyl Ketone has been found to		
cause embryol toxicity in large concentrations.			

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment.



WHMIS 1988 classification.....

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification...

UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - This product meets the Limited Quantity exemption when packaged in containers less than 5 liters.

UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II.

UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II.

UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - EmS: F-E S-E.

Marine Pollutant...

Proof of Classification...

In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

B2. D2A. D2B.

CEPA status..... On Domestic Substances List (DSL). TSCA inventory status..... All components are listed. OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. SARA Title III Section 302 - extremely hazardous None. substances Section 311/312 - hazard categories...... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Xylene. Toluene. Ethylbenzene. Section 313..... EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) Xylene. Toluene. Ethylbenzene. *WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. (Ethyl benzene). *WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Toluene). California Proposition 65.....

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

data sheet