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PRO

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

# PRODUCT: 13118 2K SELF ETCHING CHROMATE FREE PRIMER ACTIVATOR

FORM

#### **SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION**

Product identifier Other means of identification	13118 2K SELF ETCHING CHROMATE FREE PRIMER ACTIVATOR
Chemical family Recommended use and restrictions on use	Mixture. Paints.
Initial supplier identifier	Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189
24 hour emergency number:	For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. ** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.
NFPA rating HMIS	Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0. H: 2 F: 4 R: 0.

#### SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Hazard Classification	Flammable Liquid 2. Acute Toxicity (Dermal) — Category 4. Skin Corrosion — Category
	1. Serious Eye Damage — Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure
	— Category 3. (narcotic effects). (respiratory system). Reproductive Toxicity — Category
	1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 2.
Signal Word	DANGER.
Hazard Description	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes
	severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause
	respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360 May damage fertility
	or the unborn child. H371 May cause damage to organs.
Prevention	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all
	safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks,
	open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240
	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof
	equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against
	static discharge. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after
	handling. P270 Do not eat drink or smoke while using this product. P271 Use only outdoors
B	or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 +
	P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse
	thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of
	water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P305 + P351
	+ P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P310 - Immediately call
	your local poison control centre. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and
	keep comfortable for breathing. P301 + P330 + P331 If Swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT
	induce vomiting. P308 + P311 If exposed or concerned; call a poison center or doctor.
	P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	P233 Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool.
-	P405 Store locked up.
Disposal	P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.
Note	Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified — Category 1. This product mixture has been
	classified based on its ingredients.



SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS #	WT. %	
Acetone	67-64-1	65-85	
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	10-30	
Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	1-5	
Methanol	67-56-1	1-5	
Phosphoric Acid	7664-38-2	3-7	
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	0.5-1.5	

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>>

#### **SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. Obtain medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must be treated immediately by a physician.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with running water for a minimum of 30 minutes preferably up to 60 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses, if safe and easy to do so. Get medical attention immediately.
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Methyl alcohol: The intoxication begins with central nervous system depression resulting in narcosis, followed by an asymptomatic latency period that usually lasts 12 to 24 hours. Metabolic acidosis sets in and symptoms such as headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting appear. This is followed, in more serious cases, by abdominal and muscular pains as well as breathing difficulties. There are also disorders such as blurred vision, photophobia, impaired pupillary reflex and eye pain. May cause damage to organs. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Additional information	Treat victims symptomatically. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

#### SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products	"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) preferred. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet. Extremely flammable. Acetone is a highly flammable liquid. It is easily ignited in the presence of heat, an ignition source such as a naked flame or a spark (including electrostatic discharge). Aqueous solutions of acetone can also ignite. Acetone vapors are heavier than air and can travel a long distance to an ignition source and cause flashback. Thermal decomposition products are toxic. May include:. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Oxides of phosphorous. Formaldehyde.
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.

#### SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective ...... equipment and emergency procedures

Extremely flammable liquid. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Equipment should be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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# SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak/spill	Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Avoid all personal contact. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear recommended protective equipment. Use explosion-proof or hand pumps and non-sparking tools and equipment. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed
	of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

# SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in a cool and dry place, for product integrity. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight. Keep container closed when not in use.

# SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA	CGIH TLV STEL	OSH PEL	IA PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Acetone	250 ppm TLV CA ON: 500ppm	500 ppm (TWA); 750ppm (STEL)	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
Ethyl Alcohol	1,000 ppm CA ON: 1,000 pp	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm
Butyl Alcohol	20 ppm CA ON: 20 ppm	Not established	100 ppm	Not established	50 ppm skin
Methanol	200 ppm	250 ppm skin	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm / STEL 250 ppm
Phosphoric Acid	1 mg/m3	a (TWA), 250 ppm (STEL) 3 mg/m3 B(TWA), 3 mg/m3(STEL)	1 mg/m3	3 mg/m3	1 mg/m3
Ethyl Acetate	400 ppm CA ON: 400 ppm	Not established	400 ppm	Not established	400 ppm
Appropriate engineering controls		Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.			
Personal Protective Equipment Eye/type		Chemical safety goggles. Chemical safety goggles and full faceshield if splash hazard			
Gloves/ type		exists. Wear skin protection equ the nature of the work to substances, the protectio following gloves are reco	be performed. In the on time of the gloves o	case of mixtures, consist annot be accurately est	sting of several imated. The
Clothing/type Footwear/type Respiratory/type		recommendations. Wear adequate protective Safety boots per local rec Local exhaust ventilation when contaminant levels 294.4-M1982.	gulations. is recommended. We		
Other/type			eye wash stations sh pre eating, drinking, or	ould be available. Emp r using tobacco products	loyees should wash 3.



#### SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

	Product is stable; hazardous polymerization will not occur. Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid heat, spark, open flames. Electrostatic charge.
Incompatible materails	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Reducing agents. Acetone may ignite or react violently with strong oxidizing agents, such as chromic acid, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, hot nitric acid, potassium permanganate (in an alkaline medium), or peroxides. Metals. Florine. Sulphur trioxide.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly. See hazardous combustion products section 5.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50
Acetone		50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)
Ethyl Alcohol		20,000 ppm 10 hours rat	3,400 mg/kg oral mouse
Butyl Alcohol		8,000 ppm 4 hours	790 mg/kg rat oral 3,400 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Methanol		128.2 mg/L, 4h rat	420 mg/kg (oral); 5,628 mg/kg (rat oral); 15,800 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Phosphoric Acid		1.689 mg/L 1 hour rabbit	1,530 mg/kg rat oral 2,740 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Ethyl Acetate		16,000 ppm 6 hours rat	5,600 mg/kg (rat oral)
Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) Route of exposure Symptoms related to the physical, chemica and toxicological characteristics	Eye contact. Skin contact		
Skin contact Skin absorption	May be harmful if absorb	ns. Can cause moderate irritation,	defatting and dermatitis.
Eye contact Ingestion	Can cause burns. Can c May be harmful or fatal i leading to severe illness	ause redness, irritation, tissue dest f swallowed. Swallowing causes in , blindness, even death. May be fat f material into lungs can cause cher	al or cause blindness if
Inhalation (acute)		vapours can cause respiratory irrita usness.	tion, dizziness, headache,

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Inhalation (chronic)	Chronic exposure to organic solvent vapors have been associated with various neurotoxic effects including permanent brain and/or nervous system damage, kidney, liver, blood damage and reproductive effects among women. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, headache, impaired memory, loss of coordination, insomnia and breathing difficulties.
Effects of chronic exposure	Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.
Reproductive effects Carcinogenicity of material	Methanol is teratogenic and embryotoxic in animals. Ethyl Alcohol is classified as an A3 known animal carcinogen and is listed by IARC in Group 1.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Product data not available. Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

TDG Classification	
DOT Classification (Road)	the Limited Quantity exemption when packaged in containers less than 5 liters. UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - Ltd Qty (1 litre).
IATA Classification (Air)	
IMDG Classification (Marine)	Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations. UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - EmS: F-E S-E.
Marine Pollutant	Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions. No.
Proof of Classification	In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct.

#### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CEPA status TSCA inventory status OSHA SARA Title III Section 302 - extremely hazardoussubstances Section 311/312 - hazard categories Section 313 EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS)	This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. None. Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Butyl alcohol. Methanol.
Section 313 EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) 40CFR63	Butyl alcohol. Methanol. Methanol.
California Proposition 65	*** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Methanol). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared by:	
Disclaimer:	DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from
	experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed
	to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or

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sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Disclaimer:	ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.	
Date of the latest revision of the safety data sheet	2021-03-01	

