PRO

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pro Form Products Ltd 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, ON, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

# PRODUCT: 19270 ACRYLIC ENAMEL REDUCER MEDIUM 1 GAL

FORM

### **SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION**

Initial supplier identifier	604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189
Product identifier	19270 ACRYLIC ENAMEL REDUCER MEDIUM 1 GAL
Recommended use and restrictions on	Paint reducer.
use	
Chemical family	Solvent blend.
NFPA rating	Health: 3 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0.
HMIS	H: 3 F: 3 R: 0.
24 hour emergency number:	For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. ** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.

### **SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**



Signal Word Hazard Classification	DANGER. Flammable Liquid 2. Aspiration Toxicity 1. Acute Toxicity (Dermal) — Category 4. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (narcotic effects). Reproductive Toxicity — Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated Exposure — Category 2.
Hazard Description	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. H370 Causes damage to organs.
Prevention	H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat drink or smoke while using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P301 + P310 If swallowed IMMEDIATELY CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTRE and follow instructions provided by the centre. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get medical attention or advice. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P308 + P311 If exposed or concerned; call a poison center or doctor.
Storage	P235 Keep cool. P403 + P233 Store in a well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.
Disposal Note	P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.



SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS #	WT. %	
Toluene	108-88-3	15-40	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (VM&P Naphtha)	64742-89-8	15-40	
Acetone	67-64-1	10-20	
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	112-07-2	10-20	
Methanol	67-56-1	1-5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1-5	

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>>

#### **SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes skin and eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Methyl alcohol: The intoxication begins with central nervous system depression resulting in narcosis, followed by an asymptomatic latency period that usually lasts 12 to 24 hours. Metabolic acidosis sets in and symptoms such as headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting appear. This is followed, in more serious cases, by abdominal and muscular pains as well as breathing difficulties. There are
Additional information	also disorders such as blurred vision, photophobia, impaired pupillary reflex and eye pain. Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

### SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products	"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke.
Special protective equipment andprecautions for fire-fighters	Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.
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### SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak/spill.....

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Avoid all personal contact. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Use explosion-proof or hand pumps and non-sparking tools and equipment. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

### SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE



#### **SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling	Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Do NOT use compressed air for handling. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store away from all sources of heat and ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight. Use explosion proof equipment in areas where vapour concentrations can become ignitable.

### SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA	GIH TLV STEL	OSH. PEL	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Toluene	20 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm
	CA ON: TWA: 20 p	pm			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (VM&P Naphtha)	100 ppm	300 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	Not established
Acetone	250 ppm TLV	500 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
	CA ON: 500ppm (1	WA); 750ppm (STEL)			
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	20 ppm TLV	Not established	Not established	Not established	5 ppm
Methanol	200 ppm	250 ppm skin	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm / STEL 250 ppm
	CA ON: 200 ppm (	TWA), 250 ppm (STEL)			
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established
	CA ON: 100ppm (1	WA); 150ppm (STEL)			
Respiratory/typeLocal exhaust ventilation is recommended. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator when contaminant levels exceed the recommended exposure limits. Liquid chemical goggles. Chemical safety goggles and full faceshield if a splash hazard exists.Gloves/ typeClothing/typeClothing/typeChemical resistant gloves. Wear adequate protective clothes. Safety boots per local regulations.Other/typeEmergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Employees should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.Appropriate engineering controlsProvide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.			a splash hazard oyees should wash low airborne at sources of air erations, to capture parding industrial		

### SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state Colour Odour threshold (ppm) Vapour pressure (mm Hg) Vapour density (air=1) pH Relative Density (Specific Gravity) Density Melting / Freezing point (deg C) Solubility Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C). Evaporation rate Flash point (deg C), method Auto ignition temperature (deg C) Upper flammable limit (% vol) Lower flammable limit (% vol)	Liquid. Clear, colourless. Solvent odour. Not available. <181 mmHg. >1. Not applicable. 0.819. 6.83 lb/usg - 0.82 g/mL. < 0 °C. Negligible. 56°C. 11.6. (for Acetone). -18°C. (estimate; lowest flash point ingredient). 320°C. 36. 0.9.
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### SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water % Volatile by volume VOC (less water) Viscosity	100.

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Possibility of hazardous reactions	oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid, including static	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
discharge, shock or vibration	Keep away from heat. Strong acids and bases. Oxidizing agents. Avoid natural, butyl and
Hazardous decomposition products	neoprene rubbers. Avoid prolonged contact with nitrile rubber and PVC.
Chemical stability Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Explosive reactions can occur in the presence of strong oxidizing agents.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50
Toluene		8000ppm rat inhalation 400ppm mouse inhalation 24hr	5,000 mg/kg rat oral; 12,124 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (VM	&P Naphtha)	3400 ppm 4hr Rat	>2000 mg/kg Oral Rat >2000 mg/kg Dermal Rat
Acetone		50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate		> 450 ppm rat 6h	1,600 mg/kg (rat, oral) 1,480 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)
Methanol		128.2 mg/L, 4h rat	420 mg/kg (oral); 5,628 mg/kg (rat oral); 15,800 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Xylene		6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral
Route of exposureSkin contact Skin absorption Eye contact Inhalation (acute) Inhalation (chronic) Ingestion Effects of chronic exposure	May be harmful if abso Can cause redness, irri Excessive inhalation of vomiting and unconscio Chronic exposure to or effects including perma damage and reproducti vomiting, abdominal pa breathing difficulties. May be harmful or fatal pneumonitis which can Breathing high concent effects. Prolonged or re Intentional misuse by d or fatal.	ritation, defatting and dermatitis. rbed through the skin. tation, tissue destruction. vapours can cause respiratory irrita ousness. ganic solvent vapors have been ass nent brain and/or nervous system d ve effects among women. Symptom in, headache, impaired memory, los if swallowed. Aspiration of material be fatal. rations of vapour may cause anesth speated skin contact may cause dryi eliberately concentrating and inhalir	ociated with various neurotoxic amage, kidney, liver, blood is may include nausea, is of coordination, insomnia and into lungs can cause chemical etic effects and serious health ng or cracking of skin. ig this product may be harmful
Carcinogenicity of material Reproductive effects Specific Target Organ Toxicity	None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen. Methanol is teratogenic and embryotoxic in animals. High level exposure to Xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. Toluene is fetotoxic in rats and mice at maternally toxic levels. Prolonged and repeated exposure of pregnant animals (>1500 ppm) to Toluene have been reported to cause adverse fetal developmental effects. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .		

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Persistence and degradability.....

Environmental..... Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil. Not available.



### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

TDG Classification	
DOT Classification (Road)	the Limited Quantity exemption when packaged in containers less than 5 liters. UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - Ltd Qty (1 litre). Refer to 49CRF 172.101 for additional non-bulk packaging requirements.
IATA Classification (Air)	UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II. Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations.
IMDG Classification (Marine)	UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - EmS: F-E S-E. Limited Quantity. Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.
Marine Pollutant Proof of Classification	No.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CEPA status TSCA inventory status OSHA	On Domestic Substances List (DSL). All components are listed. This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
SARA Title III Section 302 - extremely hazardous substances	None.
Section 311/312 - hazard categories Section 313 EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) 40CFR63	Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Methanol. Toluene. Xylene. Methanol. Toluene. Xylene.
California Proposition 65	*WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Methanol). (Toluene). *WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. (Ethyl benzene).

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared by: Telephone number: Disclaimer:	REGULATORY AFFAIRS. Trivalent Data Systems Ltd. www.trivalent.com. (800) 387-7981. DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believe to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy of sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not
Review Date: Date of the latest revision of the safety data sheet	condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process. 2021-11-15.

