

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

#### **KKCTRLV62 BASECOAT HS SPECIAL WHITE** PRODUCT:

#### **SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION**

Initial supplier identifier..... Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive

Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189

KKČTRLV62 BASECOAT HŚ SPECIAL WHITE

Product identifier..... Recommended use and restrictions on ...

Chemical family.....

NFPA rating..... HMIS.....

Paints.

Mixture. Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0.

H: 2 F: 3 R: 0.

For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

\*\* For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre \*\*. 24 hour emergency number:....

### **SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**



Signal WordHazard Classification	DANGER. Flammable Liquid 2. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Skin Sensitizer — Category 1. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 2.
Hazard Description	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or
Prevention	the unborn child. P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the
Response	workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.
StorageDisposalNote	P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS#	WT. %	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	15-40	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	10-30	
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	10-30	
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	7-13	

## **SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

1330-20-7 1-5 **Xylene** Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 0.1 - 1Bis (1,2,2,6,6- Pentamethyl-4- Piperidyl) Sebacate 41556-26-7 0.1-1 0.1-1 Decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl ester 82919-37-7

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>>

#### **SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation continues. Eye contact..... Immediately remove all contaminated clothing; flush skin with water for at least 15 minutes. Skin contact..... If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.

Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim Inhalation..... Ingestion..... lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Causes skin and eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, Most important symptoms and effects, ..... whether acute or delayed and blurred vision. Can cause skin sensitization. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Additional information..... Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

#### SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media..... Specific hazards arising from the ...... hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products Special protective equipment and ..... precautions for fire-fighters

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam. Do not use water in a jet. Smoke. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Sulfur Oxides. Chlorine gases and fluorine containing gases can be produced. Other potentially toxic fumes.

Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture.

#### **SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Eliminate all sources of ignition, Isolate area and Leak/spill.....

keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear proper protective equipment. Ventilate area to remove the remaining vapours. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

Methods and materials for containment . and cleaning up

Dike area to contain the spill, prevent runoff from going into drains, absorb residual material with an inert absorbent, shovel or pump to a properly labelled container and dispose of as a hazardous waste.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material.

#### **SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling.....

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Containers must be grounded and bonded. Do not use near sources of ignition, open flames or sparks. Do not cut, drill, weld or grind on or near the container. Open containers slowly to allow for any pressure build-up to escape. Keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking. Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities



flames. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials.

# **SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

	Ι		Τ		1		
INGREDIENTS	TWA	GIH TLV STEL	PEL OSH.	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL		
Titanium Dioxide	10 mg/m3	Not established	15 mg/m3	Not established	Not established		
Methyl Acetate	CA ON: 10 mg/m3 200 ppm	250 ppm	200 ppm	250 ppm in some States	200 ppm		
	AB/BC/ON/PQ: 20	2: 200ppm (TWA), 250ppm (STEL)					
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established		
n-Butyl Acetate	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm / STEL 200 ppm		
	CA ON: 50ppm (T	WA), 150ppm (STEL)					
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established		
	CA ON: 100ppm (	TWA); 150ppm (STEL)					
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm		
	CA ON: 20ppm (T	WA)					
Bis (1,2,2,6,6- Pentamethyl-4- Piperidyl) Sebacate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established		
Decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-peridinyl ester		Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established		
Personal Protective Equ	ipment						
	Eye/type						
Clothing/type	/peve						
	exposure.  Safety boots per local regulations.  er/type						
Respiratory/type		wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.  Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator when contaminant levels exceed the recommended exposure limits. Use NIOSH approved					
Appropriate engineering controls							

# **SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance/Physical state Odour Odour threshold (ppm)	Liquid. Solvent odour. Not available.
pH	Not applicable. < 0 °C. >55 °C. -15.6°C. (estimate; lowest flash point ingredient). Not available. Not applicable. 16.0.
Lower flammable limit (% vol)	>1. 11.87 lbs/USG; 1.422.
Solubility	Not available. Not available. 4200 cPs, spindle #4 @ 20 rpm.

#### **SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

% Volatile by volume...... 57.85.

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity ...... Avoid heat, sparks and flames.

Possibility of hazardous reactions............. Will not occur under normal temperature and pressure.

Conditions to avoid, including static ........ Keep away from heat. Electrostatic charge. Incompatible with strong oxidizers.

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

INGREDIENTS		LC50		LD50	
Titanium Dioxide		>6.8 mg/L (4 hr)		>10,000 mg/kg (rat, oral) >10,000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)	
Methyl Acetate		>49 mg/L (4 hr) rat		6482 mg/kg (oral rat); >2,000 mg/kg (dermal rat)	
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride		4479 ppm		>6,800 mg/kg (rat oral); >2,700 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)	
n-Butyl Acetate		>33 mg/L vapour, (rat) dust/mist	5.2 mg/L	10760 mg/kg (rat, oral) 14112 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)	
Xylene		6350 ppm 4 hours ra	t	>3523 mg/kg rat oral	
Ethylbenzene		No data		3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal	
Bis (1,2,2,6,6- Pentamethyl-4- Piperidyl) Sebacate		Not Available		2369-3920 mg/kg (oral rat), >2000 mg/kg (dermal rabbit)	
Decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl ester		Not Available		3,230 mg/kg rat, oral	
Route of exposure Effects of acute exposure					
Effects of chronic exposure	brain and nervous system damage. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.				
Sensitizing capability of material Carcinogenicity of material					
Reproductive effects					

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torch.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**



#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

A component of this product is on the NDSL. CEPA status..... All components are listed. TSCA inventory status..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. OSHA..... SARA Title III Section 302 - extremely hazardous ....... None substances Section 311/312 - hazard categories...... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Ethylbenzene. Xylene. Section 313..... EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) ...... Ethylbenzene. Toluene. Xylene. 40CFR63 California Proposition 65.....

\*\*\*! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Toluene). \*\*\*! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. (Ethyl benzene). (Titanium dioxide - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product design and does not

relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

.. 2022-11-30.

2018-10-09

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