



Pro Form Products Ltd.
604 McGeachie Drive
Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5
Canada
905-878-4990

PRODUCT: KKTRLV62 LOW VOC BASECOAT WHITE

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier..... Pro Form Products Ltd.
604 McGeachie Drive
Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5
Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189

Product identifier..... KKTRLV62 LOW VOC BASECOAT WHITE

Recommended use and restrictions on .. Paints.
use

Chemical family..... Mixture.

NFPA rating..... Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0.

HMIS..... H: 2 F: 3 R: 0.

24 hour emergency number..... For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC);
IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.
** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Signal Word..... DANGER.

Hazard Classification..... Flammable Liquid 2. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Skin Sensitizer — Category 1. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 2.

Hazard Description..... H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Prevention..... P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Response P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.

Storage..... P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal..... P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

Note This product mixture has been classified based on its ingredients.

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS #	WT. %
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	15-40
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	10-30
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	10-30
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	7-13

PRODUCT: KKTRLV62 LOW VOC BASECOAT WHITE**SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Xylene	1330-20-7	1-5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1
Bis (1,2,2,6,6- Pentamethyl-4- Piperidyl) Sebacate	41556-26-7	0.1-1
Decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl ester	82919-37-7	0.1-1

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>>

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact.....	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation continues.
Skin contact.....	Immediately remove all contaminated clothing; flush skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.
Inhalation.....	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion.....	Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	Causes skin and eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Can cause skin sensitization. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Additional information.....	Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media.....	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam. Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products	Smoke. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO ₂). Sulfur Oxides. Chlorine gases and fluorine containing gases can be produced. Other potentially toxic fumes.
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak/spill.....	Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear proper protective equipment. Ventilate area to remove the remaining vapours. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.
Methods and materials for containment . and cleaning up	Dike area to contain the spill, prevent runoff from going into drains, absorb residual material with an inert absorbent, shovel or pump to a properly labelled container and dispose of as a hazardous waste.
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material.

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling.....	Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Containers must be grounded and bonded. Do not use near sources of ignition, open flames or sparks. Do not cut, drill, weld or grind on or near the container. Open containers slowly to allow for any pressure build-up to escape. Keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials.

PRODUCT: KKTRLV62 LOW VOC BASECOAT WHITE

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA	ACGIH TLV STEL	PEL	OSHA PEL STEL	REL NIOSH
Titanium Dioxide	10 mg/m3 CA ON: 10 mg/m3 (TWA)	Not established	15 mg/m3	Not established	Not established
Methyl Acetate	200 ppm AB/BC/ON/PQ: 200ppm (TWA), 250ppm (STEL)	250 ppm	200 ppm	250 ppm in some States	200 ppm
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
n-Butyl Acetate	50 ppm CA ON: 50ppm (TWA), 150ppm (STEL)	150 ppm	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm / STEL 200 ppm
Xylene	50 ppm CA ON: 100ppm (TWA); 150ppm (STEL)	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm CA ON: 20ppm (TWA)	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm
Bis (1,2,2,6,6-Pentamethyl-4-Piperidyl) Sebacate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl ester	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Personal Protective Equipment	Chemical safety goggles and full faceshield if a splash hazard exists.				
Eye/type.....	Wear skin protection equipment. The selection of skin protection equipment depends on the nature of the work to be performed.				
Gloves/ type.....	Wear adequate protective clothes. Wear long sleeves and trousers to prevent dermal exposure.				
Clothing/type.....	Safety boots per local regulations.				
Footwear/type.....	Eye wash facility and emergency shower should be in close proximity. Employees should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.				
Other/type.....	Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator when contaminant levels exceed the recommended exposure limits. Use NIOSH approved respirator or equipment. Do not exceed the use limits of the respirator.				
Respiratory/type.....	Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.				
Appropriate engineering controls.....					

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state.....	Liquid.
Odour.....	Solvent odour.
Odour threshold (ppm).....	Not available.
pH.....	Not applicable.
Melting / Freezing point (deg C).....	< 0 °C.
Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C).....	>55 °C.
Flash point (deg C), method.....	-15.6°C. (estimate; lowest flash point ingredient).
Evaporation rate.....	Not available.
Flammability (solids and gases).....	Not applicable.
Upper flammable limit (% vol).....	16.0.
Lower flammable limit (% vol).....	0.9.
Vapour pressure (mm Hg).....	Not available.
Vapour density (air=1).....	>1.
Relative Density (Specific Gravity).....	11.87 lbs/USG; 1.422.
Solubility.....	No data.
Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water.....	Not available.
Auto ignition temperature (deg C).....	Not available.
Decomposition temperature.....	Not available.
Viscosity.....	4200 cPs, spindle #4 @ 20 rpm.
VOC (less water).....	1.32 lb/usg - 159 g/L.

PRODUCT: KKTRLV62 LOW VOC BASECOAT WHITE**SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

% Volatile by volume..... 57.85.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Avoid heat, sparks and flames.
 Chemical stability..... Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
 Possibility of hazardous reactions..... Will not occur under normal temperature and pressure.
 Conditions to avoid, including static Keep away from heat. Electrostatic charge. Incompatible with strong oxidizers.
 discharge, shock or vibration
 Incompatible materials..... Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.
 Hazardous decomposition products..... See hazardous combustion products section 5.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50
Titanium Dioxide	>6.8 mg/L (4 hr)	>10,000 mg/kg (rat, oral) >10,000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)
Methyl Acetate	>49 mg/L (4 hr) rat	6482 mg/kg (oral rat); >2,000 mg/kg (dermal rat)
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	4479 ppm	>6,800 mg/kg (rat oral); >2,700 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
n-Butyl Acetate	>33 mg/L vapour, 5.2 mg/L (rat) dust/mist	10760 mg/kg (rat, oral) 14112 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)
Xylene	6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral
Ethylbenzene	No data	3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Bis (1,2,2,6,6- Pentamethyl-4- Piperidyl) Sebacate	Not Available	2369-3920 mg/kg (oral rat), >2000 mg/kg (dermal rabbit)
Decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny ester	Not Available	3,230 mg/kg rat, oral
Route of exposure.....	Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation.	
Effects of acute exposure.....	Causes skin irritation. May cause moderate to severe eye irritation. Irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Excessive inhalation of this product may cause dizziness.	
Effects of chronic exposure.....	Reports have associated repeated or prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.	
Sensitizing capability of material.....	May cause sensitization by skin contact.	
Carcinogenicity of material.....	Ethylbenzene is classified as an A3 known animal carcinogen. Ethylbenzene is known to the state of California to cause cancer and developmental effects and is listed by IARC as a Group 2B Carcinogen. IARC has classified Titanium Dioxide as a group 2B carcinogen.	
Reproductive effects.....	Xylene has been classified by The Commission on Health and Safety as causing reproductive effects. High level exposure to Xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known.	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity..... Product data not available.
 Environmental..... Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging . Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torch.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification..... UN1263 - PAINT - Class 3 - Packing Group II - This product meets limited quantity exemption when shipped in containers less than 5 litres.
 DOT Classification (Road)..... UN1263 - PAINT - Class 3 - Packing Group II - Ltd Qty (1 Liter). Refer to 49CRF 172.101 for additional non-bulk packaging requirements.

PRODUCT: KKTRLV62 LOW VOC BASECOAT WHITE**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IATA Classification (Air)..... UN1263 - PAINT - Class 3 - Packing Group II. Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations.

IMDG Classification (Marine)..... UN1263 - PAINT - Class 3 - Packing Group II - EmS: F-E S-E. Limited Quantity. Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.

Marine Pollutant..... Potential marine pollutant.

Proof of Classification..... In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct. .

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CEPA status..... A component of this product is on the NDSL.

TSCA inventory status..... All components are listed.

OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

SARA Title III
Section 302 - extremely hazardous None.
substances
Section 311/312 - hazard categories..... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.
Section 313..... Ethylbenzene. Xylene.

EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) Ethylbenzene. Toluene. Xylene.
40CFR63

California Proposition 65..... *** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Toluene). *** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer . (Ethyl benzene). (Titanium dioxide - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: REGULATORY AFFAIRS. Trivalent Data Systems Ltd. www.trivalent.com.

Telephone number:..... (800) 387-7981.

Disclaimer:..... DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

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data sheet