



Pro Form Products Ltd.  
604 McGeachie Drive  
Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5  
Canada  
905-878-4990

**PRODUCT: PF 576 SPRAY GUN PAINT REMOVER**

### SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier..... Pro Form Products Ltd.  
604 McGeachie Drive  
Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5  
Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189

Product identifier..... PF 576 SPRAY GUN PAINT REMOVER

Recommended use and restrictions on .. Cleaner.  
use

Chemical family..... Solvent blend.

NFPA rating..... Health: 3 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0.

HMIS..... H: 3 F: 3 R: 0.

24 hour emergency number..... For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC);  
IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.  
\*\* For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre \*\*.

### SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Signal Word..... DANGER.

Hazard Classification..... Flammable Aerosols — Category 1. Gases Under Pressure: Liquefied Gas. Acute Toxicity (Oral) — Category 4. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) — Category 4. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 1. (narcotic effects).

Hazard Description..... H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. H370 Causes damage to organs.

Prevention..... P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition sources. P251 Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat drink or smoke while using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Response ..... P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P301 + P312 If swallowed call a poison control centre. P330 Rinse mouth. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get medical attention or advice. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P308 + P311 If exposed or concerned; call a poison center or doctor.

Storage..... P403 Store in a well ventilated area. P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight. P412 Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

Disposal..... P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

Note ..... This product mixture has been classified based on its ingredients.

### SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS | CAS #   | WT. % |
|----------------------------|---------|-------|
| Acetone                    | 67-64-1 | 30-60 |
| Methanol                   | 67-56-1 | 10-30 |
| Propane                    | 74-98-6 | 7-13  |

**PRODUCT: PF 576 SPRAY GUN PAINT REMOVER****SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

|                                 |           |         |
|---------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Isobutane                       | 75-28-5   | 5-10    |
| 2-Butoxyethanol                 | 111-76-2  | 5-10    |
| Xylene                          | 1330-20-7 | 5-10    |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone             | 78-93-3   | 1-5     |
| 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate | 108-65-6  | 0.5-1.5 |

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>> .

**SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Eye contact.....   | In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.   |
| Skin contact.....  | Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.  |
| Inhalation.....  | If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.   |
| Ingestion.....   | If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.   |
| Most important symptoms and effects, .....<br>whether acute or delayed | Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Causes skin and eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Methyl alcohol: The intoxication begins with central nervous system depression resulting in narcosis, followed by an asymptomatic latency period that usually lasts 12 to 24 hours. Metabolic acidosis sets in and symptoms such as headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting appear. This is followed, in more serious cases, by abdominal and muscular pains as well as breathing difficulties. There are also disorders such as blurred vision, photophobia, impaired pupillary reflex and eye pain. This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| Additional information.....  | Treat victims symptomatically. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.  |

**SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media  | "Alcohol" foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products | Oxides of carbon (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ). Formaldehyde. Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke.  |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters   | Extremely flammable aerosol. Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control. |

**SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Leak/spill..... | Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Avoid all personal contact. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material. Keep in a suitable, closed container for disposal. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations. |
|-----------------|--|

**SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Precautions for safe handling..... | Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking. |
|------------------------------------|---|

**PRODUCT: PF 576 SPRAY GUN PAINT REMOVER****SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from all sources of heat and ignition. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight. Avoid: Lead. Aluminum. Zinc. Polyethylene. PVC. Do not store above 50 deg C.

**SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

| INGREDIENTS                           | TWA  | ACGIH TLV<br>STEL | PEL                | OSHA PEL<br>STEL | REL                    | NIOSH |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Acetone                               | 250 ppm TLV<br>CA ON: 500ppm (TWA); 750ppm (STEL)  | 500 ppm           | 1,000 ppm          | Not established  | 250 ppm                |       |
| Methanol                              | 200 ppm<br>CA ON: 200 ppm (TWA), 250 ppm (STEL)  | 250 ppm skin      | 200 ppm            | Not established  | 200 ppm / STEL 250 ppm |       |
| Propane                               | 1,000 ppm  | Not established   | 1,000 ppm          | Not established  | 1,000 ppm              |       |
| Isobutane                             | Not established  | Not established   | Not established    | Not established  | 800 ppm                |       |
| 2-Butoxyethanol                       | 20 ppm   | No data           | 50 ppm (240 mg/m3) | No data          | 5 ppm (24 mg/m3)       |       |
| Xylene                                | 50 ppm<br>CA ON: 100ppm (TWA); 150ppm (STEL)   | 150 ppm           | 100 ppm TWA        | Not established  | Not established        |       |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone                   | 200 ppm<br>CA ON: 200ppm (TWA), 300ppm (STEL)  | 300 ppm           | 200 ppm            | Not established  | 200 ppm TWA            |       |
| 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate       | 50 ppm   | 75 ppm            | Not established    | Not established  | Not established        |       |
| Respiratory/type.....                 | Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator when contaminant levels exceed the recommended exposure limits.  |                   |                    |                  |                        |       |
| Eye/type.....                         | Chemical safety goggles. Chemical safety goggles and full faceshield if splash hazard exists.  |                   |                    |                  |                        |       |
| Gloves/ type.....                     | Chemical resistant gloves.   |                   |                    |                  |                        |       |
| Clothing/type.....                    | Wear adequate protective clothes.  |                   |                    |                  |                        |       |
| Footwear/type.....                    | Safety boots per local regulations.  |                   |                    |                  |                        |       |
| Other/type.....                       | Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Employees should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.  |                   |                    |                  |                        |       |
| Appropriate engineering controls..... | Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation. |                   |                    |                  |                        |       |

**SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Appearance/Physical state.....                     | Aerosol.                                    |
| Colour.....  | Clear.                                      |
| Odour.....   | Alcohol odour. Fruity odour.                |
| Odour threshold (ppm).....                         | Methanol: 4.2 - 5900 ppm.                   |
| Vapour pressure (mm Hg).....                       | Aerosol vapour pressure: 40-50 psig @ 21°C. |
| Vapour density (air=1).....                        | >1.   |
| pH.....  | No Data.                                    |
| Density.....                                       | 0.750. (Aerosol). 0.805. (Liquid).          |
| Melting / Freezing point (deg C).....              | < -50 C. (liquid).                          |
| Solubility.....                                    | Partially in water.                         |
| Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C)..... | > 56 °C. (Liquid).                          |
| Evaporation rate.....                              | > 1.0.                                      |
| Flash point (deg C), method.....                   | -18°C. (estimate for liquid).               |
| Auto ignition temperature (deg C).....             | >230°C. (liquid).                           |
| Upper flammable limit (% vol).....                 | 36. (liquid).                               |
| Lower flammable limit (% vol).....                 | 0.9. (liquid).                              |
| Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water.....       | Not available.                              |
| % Volatile by volume.....                          | 100.  |
| VOC (less water).....                              | 2.9 lbs/USG.                                |
| Viscosity.....                                     | 13.2", Zahn #2. (liquid).                   |

**PRODUCT: PF 576 SPRAY GUN PAINT REMOVER****SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Chemical stability.....                     | Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.   |
| Reactivity .....                            | Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Explosive reactions can occur in the presence of strong oxidizing agents. Contact with strong bases, alkali will generate heat. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions.....     | Hazardous polymerization will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid, including static ..... | Keep away from heat. Incompatible with strong oxidizers. Strong bases. Reducing agents.  |
| discharge, shock or vibration               | May release hydrogen gas on contact with; Magnesium. Aluminum.   |
| Hazardous decomposition products.....       | See hazardous combustion products section 5.   |

**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

| INGREDIENTS                             | LC50   | LD50   |
|---|--|--|
| Acetone                                 | 50,100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours, rat  | 5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)   |
| Methanol                                | 128.2 mg/L, 4h rat   | 420 mg/kg (oral);<br>5,628 mg/kg (rat oral);<br>15,800 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)         |
| Propane                                 | >1,464 mg/L 15 minutes rat   | Not available  |
| Isobutane                               | 52 mg/L 1 hour mouse   | Not available  |
| 2-Butoxyethanol                         | 450 ppm 4 hr rat   | 1300 mg/kg (rat oral) >2000 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)                                    |
| Xylene                                  | 6350 ppm 4 hours rat   | >3523 mg/kg rat oral   |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone                     | >5,000 ppm (6 hours, rat),<br>11000 ppm (45 minutes, mouse)  | 3,400 mg/kg (rat, oral),<br>>8000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal),<br>670 mg/kg (mouse, oral) |
| 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate         | Not Available  | 8,532 mg/kg rat oral<br>5,000 mg/kg dermal rabbit                                    |
| Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE).....      | ATE mix (oral): . >5000 mg/kg. (liquid).   |  |
| Route of exposure.....                  | Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation.   |  |
| Effects of acute exposure.....          | This product is harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause anesthetic effects and serious health effects. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs.   |  |
| Effects of chronic exposure.....        | Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health effects. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin.  |  |
| Carcinogenicity of material.....        | No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC or ACGIH.   |  |
| Reproductive effects.....               | Methanol is teratogenic and embryotoxic in animals. Methanol is listed on California's Proposition 65 as causing developmental toxicity. High level exposure to Xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. In one study, Methyl Ethyl Ketone has been found to cause embryol toxicity in large concentrations. |  |
| Sensitizing capability of material..... | None known.  |  |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity .....    | Causes damage to organs.   |  |

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

|                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Environmental.....                 | Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil. |
| Persistence and degradability..... | Not available.                                     |

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Information on safe handling for disposal and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging | Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torch. Dispose of as an industrial waste in a manner acceptable to good waste management practice and in accordance with applicable local, provincial/State or federal regulations. |
|---|---|

**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| TDG Classification.....        | UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - This product meets limited quantity exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre. |
| DOT Classification (Road)..... | UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons).   |
| IATA Classification (Air)..... | UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations.         |

**PRODUCT: PF 576 SPRAY GUN PAINT REMOVER****SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IMDG Classification (Marine)..... UN1950 - AEROSOLS - Class 2.1 - EmS: F-D, S-U - Limited Quantity. Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.  
 Marine Pollutant..... No.  
 Proof of Classification..... In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct. .

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CEPA status..... On Domestic Substances List (DSL).  
 TSCA inventory status..... All components are listed.  
 OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.  
 SARA Title III  
 Section 302 - extremely hazardous ..... None.  
 substances  
 Section 311/312 - hazard categories..... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.  
 Section 313..... Methanol. Methyl Ethyl Ketone. Xylene.  
 EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) ..... Ethylbenzene. Methanol. Xylene.  
 40CFR63  
 California Proposition 65..... \*WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Methanol). \*WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. (Ethyl benzene).

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared by: ..... REGULATORY AFFAIRS. Trivalent Data Systems Ltd. www.trivalent.com.  
 Telephone number:..... (800) 387-7981.  
 Disclaimer:..... DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.  
 Review Date:..... 2022-11-30.  
 Date of the latest revision of the safety .. 2018-08-21  
 data sheet