

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

PRODUCT: PF 732 1K ACRYLIC SEALER (GRAY)

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier..... Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive

Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189 PF 732 1K ACRYLIC SEALER (GRAY)

Product identifier..... Recommended use and restrictions on ... Paints.

Chemical family..... NFPA rating.....

Mixture. Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0.

HMIS..... H: 2 F: 3 R: 0. 24 hour emergency number:....

For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Signal Word	DANGER.
Hazard Classification	Flammable Liquid 2. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Eye Irritation — Category 2A.
	Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 2. Specific Target
Hannad Danadation	Organ Toxicity — Repeated Exposure — Category 1.
Hazard Description	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes
	serious eye irritation. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to
	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Prevention	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all
1 10 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks,
	open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240
	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof
	equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against
	static discharge. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after
	handling. P270 Do not eat drink or smoke while using this product. P280 Wear protective
Dagnanaa	gloves and eye protection.
Response	P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse
	thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get
	medical advice/attention. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for
	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until
	medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P302 +
	P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get
	medical attention or advice. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash
_	before reuse. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.
Disposal	P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.
Note	This product mixture has been classified based on its ingredients.

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS#	WT. %			
tert-Butyl acetate	540-88-5	15-40			
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	10-30			
Isobutyl Acetate	110-19-0	10-30			
Talc	14807-96-6	5-10			



SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

 Titanium Dioxide
 13463-67-7
 1-5

 Toluene
 108-88-3
 0.1-1

 Xylene
 1330-20-7
 0.5-1.5

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4
 0.1-1

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>>

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention. Eye contact..... Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious Skin contact..... amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is Inhalation..... difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention. Ingestion..... If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Most important symptoms and effects, Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes skin and eye irritation. whether acute or delayed Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. This product contains ingredients that may cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid Additional information..... into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from thehazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products
Special protective equipment andprecautions for fire-fighters

"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet.

Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). hydrogen flouride. hydrogen chloride. Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke.

Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak/spill.....

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Avoid all personal contact. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling.....

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight.



SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA	CGIH TLV STEL	OS PEL	HA PEL STEL	NIOSH REL	
tert-Butyl acetate	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Not established	50ppm (TWA), 200ppm (STEL)				
		Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	
Isobutyl Acetate	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	Not established	150 ppm	
Talc	2 mg/m3 CA ON: 2mg/kg (Not established (TWA)	2 mg/m3 TWA	Not established	Not established	
Titanium Dioxide	10 mg/m3 CA ON: 10 mg/m	Not established 3 (TWA)	15 mg/m3	Not established	Not established	
Toluene	20 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm	
	CA ON: TWA: 20	ppm				
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established	
	CA ON: 100ppm	(TWA); 150ppm (STEL)				
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm	
	CA ON: 20ppm (TWA)				
Personal Protective Equality Respiratory/type		when contaminant levels	is recommended. We exceed the recommended the recommendation of th	ear an appropriate, prope ended exposure limits.	erly fitted respirator	
Gloves/ type Clothing/type Footwear/type Other/type		Liquid chemical goggles. exists. Chemical resistant gloves Wear adequate protective Safety boots per local regemency showers and	s. e clothes. gulations.			

Other/type...... Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Employees should wash

their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.

Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air Appropriate engineering controls.....

contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation.

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability..... Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Reactivity Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Explosive reactions can occur in the presence of strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Possibility of hazardous reactions..... Conditions to avoid, including static Keep away from heat. Incompatible with strong oxidizers. Lewis or mineral acids. Acids. Alkalis. Alkali metals. Sodium hydroxide. Nitric acid. discharge, shock or vibration

Hazardous decomposition products...... By fire:. Dense black smoke. Oxides of carbon (CO,CO2). Under hot acidic conditions:. Isobutylene and acetic acid.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50		
tert-Butyl acetate		>2,230 mg/m3 4 hours rat	4,100 mg/kg (rat, oral); >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)		
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride		4479 ppm	>6,800 mg/kg (rat oral); >2,700 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)		
Isobutyl Acetate		>13.24 mg/L /6 h rat	15400 mg/kg (rat oral), >17400 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)		
Talc		Not available	Not available		
Titanium Dioxide		>6.8 mg/L (4 hr)	>10,000 mg/kg (rat, oral) >10,000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)		
Toluene		8000ppm (rat inhalation) 400ppm mouse (inhalation 24hr)	5,000 mg/kg (rat ora)l; 12,124 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)		
Xylene		6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral		
Ethylbenzene		No data	3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal		
Route of exposure Effects of chronic exposure					
Skin contact	Can cause moderate irritation, defatting and dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Can cause redness, irritation, tissue destruction. Excessive inhalation of vapours can cause respiratory irritation, dizziness, headache,				
Inhalation (chronic)	vomiting and unconsciousness. Chronic exposure to organic solvent vapors have been associated with various neurotoxic effects including permanent brain and/or nervous system damage, kidney, liver, blood damage and reproductive effects among women. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, headache, impaired memory, loss of coordination, insomnia and breathing difficulties.				
Ingestion	May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Swallowing causes inebriation, headache, vomiting, leading to severe illness, blindness, even death. Aspiration of material into lungs can cause				
Carcinogenicity of material	as an A3 known animal carcinogen.				
Reproductive effects	Toluene is fetotoxic in rats and mice at maternally toxic levels. Prolonged and repeated exposure of pregnant animals (>1500 ppm) to Toluene have been reported to cause adverse fetal developmental effects. High level exposure to Xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known.				
Specific Target Organ Toxicity			exposure.		

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental.. Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil. Persistence and degradability..... Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal. and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations.



SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

A component of this product is not on the NDSL. CEPA status..... TSCA inventory status..... All components are listed. OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. SARA Title III Section 302 - extremely hazardous None. substances Section 311/312 - hazard categories....... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Ethylbenzene. Xylene. Section 313..... EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) Cumene. Ethylbenzene. Toluene. Xylene. 40CFR63 California Proposition 65.....

***! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (N-methyl pyrrolidone (nmp)). (Toluene). ***! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer . (Carbon black - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). (Cumene). (Ethyl benzene). (Titanium dioxide - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

Review Date: 2021-11-15. Date of the latest revision of the safety 2018-05-01

data sheet