

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

#### PF 88202-1 BASECOAT REDUCER MEDIUM LOW VOC PRODUCT:

#### **SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION**

Initial supplier identifier..... Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive

Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189

PF 88202-1 BASECOAT REDUCER MEDIUM LOW VOC

Product identifier..... Recommended use and restrictions on ...

Paints.

use Chemical family.....

Mixture. Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0.

NFPA rating..... 24 hour emergency number:....

H: 2 F:4 R: 0. For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

\*\* For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre \*\*.

# **SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**





Signal Word	DANGER.
Hazard Classification	Flammable Liquid 2. Skin Irritant 2. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Specific Target Organ
Hazard Description	Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (narcotic effects). (respiratory system). H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Prevention	P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get medical attention or advice. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	P233 Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.
Disposal Note	

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS#	WT. %	
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	30-60	
Acetone	67-64-1	15-40	
Propylene carbonate	108-32-7	1-5	
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	112-07-2	0.5-1.5	

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>> .



## **SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Skin contact	Immediately remove all contaminated clothing; flush skin with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention immediately. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	
Additional information	Treat victims symptomatically. If symptoms such as gag reflex, convulsions or unconciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

### **SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing ..... media
Specific hazards arising from the

Specific hazards arising from the ......hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products
Special protective equipment and .....precautions for fire-fighters

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam. Water spray. Do not use water in a jet.

Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Chlorine compounds. Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke.

Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Acetone is a highly flammable liquid. It is easily ignited in the presence of heat, an ignition source such as a naked flame or a spark (including electrostatic discharge). Aqueous solutions of acetone can also ignite. Acetone vapors are heavier than air and can travel a long distance to an ignition source and cause flashback.

### **SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Leak/spill.....

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Ventilate area to remove the remaining vapours. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear proper protective equipment. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

Personal precautions, protective .....equipment and emergency procedures

Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material.

## **SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling.....

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Containers must be grounded and bonded. Do not use near sources of ignition, open flames or sparks. Do not cut, drill, weld or grind on or near the container. Open containers slowly to allow for any pressure build-up to escape. Keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Store away from incompatible materials.

### **SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

INGREDIENTS	TWA	SIH TLV STEL	OSI PEL	HA PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Not established				
Acetone	500 ppm	750 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm



# **SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

NODEDIENTO		CGIH TLV		A PEL	NIOSH
INGREDIENTS	TWA	STEL	PEL	STEL	REL
Propylene carbonate	Not established		Not established		Not established
1 7	20 ppm TLV		Not established	Not established	5 ppm
Personal protective equip	oment				
Respiratory/type		Local exhaust ventilation is when contaminant levels e approved respirator or equ	exceed the recommer	nded exposure limits. Be	sure to use NIOSH
Eye/type		Chemical safety goggles. ( exists.			
Gloves/ type		Wear skin protection equip the nature of the work to b		of skin protection equipn	nent depends on
Clothing/type		Wear adequate protective exposure.		leeves and trousers to p	revent dermal
Footwear/type			ulations.		
Other/type		Eye wash facility and eme	rgency shower should	d be in close proximity.	Employees should
Appropriate engineering	controls	wash their hands and face Provide natural or mechan exposure limits. Local mec contamination, such as op gases and fumes that may ventilation (ie. ACGIH indu adequate ventilation Exp	chanical exhaust vent en process equipmer be emitted. Standard strial ventilation) sho	ilation should be used at ht, or during purging ope d reference sources rega uld be consulted for guid	t sources of air rations, to capture arding industrial

# **SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance/Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Fruity odour. Aromatic.
Odour threshold (ppm)	Not available.
pH	Neutral.
Melting / Freezing point (deg C)	< -33 C.
Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C).	> 56 C.
Flash point (deg C), method	-18°C. (estimate; lowest flash point ingredient).
Evaporation rate	11.6. (for Acetone).
Flammability (solids and gases)	Not applicable. Flammable liquid.
Upper flammable limit (% vol)	12.6.
Lower flammable limit (% vol)	0.9.
Vapour pressure (mm Hg)	No data.
Vapour density (air=1)	> 2.
Relative Density (Specific Gravity)	1.065.
Pounds / USG	8.89. lbs/USG.
Solubility	Moderate.
Coefficient of water\oil distribution	Not available.
Auto ignition temperature (deg C)	340°C .
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	No data.
VOC	0.09 lbs/USG.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid heat, sparks and flames.
Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
Will not occur under normal temperature and pressure.
Avoid heat, spark, open flames. Direct sunlight. Electrostatic discharge can cause a fire
and explosion of a mixture of air and acetone vapor when the concentration in air is within explosive limits.
Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Reducing agents. Ammonia. Aldehydes. Peroxides. Acetone may form explosive mixtures with; chromic anhydride.
hexachloromelamine. chromyl alcohol. hydrogen peroxide. permonosulfuric acid. thioglycol. potassium tertbutoxide.
Decomposition may produce fumes, smoke, oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride		4479 ppm	>6,800 mg/kg rat oral; >2,700 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Acetone		50,100 mg/m3 8 hours rat inhalation	5,800 mg/kg rat oral
Propylene carbonate		Not avaialble	>5000 mg/kg (oral, rat) >2000 mg/kg (dermal, rat)
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate		> 450 ppm rat 6h	1,600 mg/kg rat oral 1,480 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Acute Toxicity Estimate	Eye contact. Skin contact Causes skin irritation. Caupper respiratory tract. E Prolonged/repeated cont	mg/kg. ATE mix (dermal):. >2900 ct. Inhalation. auses serious eye irritation. Irritatin excessive inhalation of this product tact may cause defatting of the skir product are not listed by IARC, NTI	g to mucous membranes and may cause dizziness. In which can lead to dermatitis.
Reproductive effectsSpecific Target Organ Toxicity	No known reproductive e	effects. or dizziness. May cause respiratory	irritation.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity	No product data.
Persistence and degradability	Not available.
Bioaccumulative potential	No product data. Not available.
Mobility in soil	Not available.
Other adverse effects	

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of as an industrial waste in a manner acceptable to good waste management practice and in accordance with applicable local, provincial/State or federal regulations. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torch. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

TDG Classification	
DOT Classification (Road)	exemption when shipped in containers less than 5 litres. UN1263 - PAINT - Class 3 - Packing Group II - Ltd Qty (1 Liter). Refer to 49CRF 172.101 for additional non-bulk packaging requirements.
IATA Classification (Air)	UN1263 - PAINT - Class 3 - Packing Group II. Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations.
IMDG Classification (Marine)	UN1263 - PAINT- Class 3 - Packing Group II - EmS: F-E S-E. Limited Quantity. Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.
Marine Pollutant	No.
Proof of Classification	In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

On Domestic Substances List (DSL).		
· ·		
This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.		
Propylene oxide.		
Fire hazard. Immediate health.		
None above De minimus % limit. Propylene oxide.		
***! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer . (Propylene oxide). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.		

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

REGULATORY AFFAIRS. Trivalent Data Systems Ltd. www.trivalent.com. Prepared by: ..... Telephone number:..... (800) 387-7981. Disclaimer:....

JAN 18/2019

DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

Date of the latest revision of the safety ... data sheet