

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

RCC-AE 3001 REVOLUTIONARY COATINGS SEMI GLOSS BLACK PRODUCT: **AEROSOL**

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Pro Form Products Ltd. Initial supplier identifier..... 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5

Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189

Product identifier..... Recommended use and restrictions on ..

RCC-AE 3001 REVOLUTIONARY COATINGS SEMI GLOSS BLACK AEROSOL

Paints. Mixture.

Chemical family..... NFPA rating.....

Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0.

H: 2 F: 4 R: 0.

HMIS..... 24 hour emergency number:.....

For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Signal WordHazard Classification	Flammable Aerosols — Category 1. Gases Under Pressure: Liquefied Gas. Aspiration Toxicity 1. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Skin Sensitizer — Category 1. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (narcotic
Hazard Description	effects). (respiratory system). Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated Exposure — Category 2. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of
Prevention	causing cancer. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks,
Response	open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition sources. P251 Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P301 + P310 If swallowed IMMEDIATELY CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTRE and follow instructions provided by the centre. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P362 + P364 - Take off
	contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.
Storage	P233 Keep container tightly closed. P403 Store in a well ventilated area. P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight. P412 Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
Disposal Note	P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations. This product mixture has been classified based on its ingredients.

ALKOOOL			
SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS#	WT. %	
Acetone	67-64-1	15-40	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (VM&P Naphtha)	64742-89-8	10-30	
Propane	74-98-6	10-30	
Isobutane	75-28-5	5-10	
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	108-65-6	3-7	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	3-7	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	1-5	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	1-5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1-5	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1-5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1	
Benzene, ethenylmethyl-	25013-15-4	0.1-1	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1-1	
< <the a="" actual="" as="" concentration(s)="" sec<="" td="" trade="" withheld=""><td>eret>> .</td><td></td><td></td></the>	eret>> .		

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at
Chin contest	least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If
	irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is
	difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. Do not
	induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an
	unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects,	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Can cause
whether acute or delayed	skin sensitization. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing,
	redness, swelling, and blurred vision. This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. This product contains ingredients that may cause
	cancer. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and
	nausea. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Additional information	Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid
	into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. In the event of an incident involving this
	product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from thehazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products
Special protective equipment andprecautions for fire-fighters

"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet.

Extremely flammable aerosol. Aerosol can will explode if heated. Thermal decomposition products are toxic. May include:. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke.

Extremely flammable aerosol. Fire in vicinity poses risk of pressure build-up rupture. In fire situations involving the surrounding area, cool the product down with plenty of water. In case of exothermic decomposition, as indicated by generation of large volumes of smoke, spray immediately and thoroughly with water or pour water on. Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Equipment should be grounded.



SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Leak/spill.....

Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Contain the spill. Avoid all personal contact. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material. Shovel or pump to drum or salvage tank. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling.....

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight. Do not store above 50 deg C.

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA	GIH TLV STEL	OS PEL	HA PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Acetone	250 ppm TLV	500 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (VM&P Naphtha)	100 ppm	TWA); 750ppm (STEL) 300 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	Not established
Propane	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm
Isobutane	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	800 ppm
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	50 ppm	75 ppm	Not established	Not established	Not established
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	200 ppm	300 ppm	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm TWA
	CA ON: 200ppm (TWA), 300ppm (STEL)			
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	175 ppm	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	1640 mg/m3 (heptane)	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
	1100 ppm (IDLH)				
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established
	CA ON: 100ppm (TWA); 150ppm (STEL)			
Carbon Black	3 mg/m3	Not established	3.5 mg/m3	Not established	3.5 mg/m3
	CA ON: 3 mg/m3 ((Inhalable) TWA			
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm
	CA ON: 20ppm (T	WA)			
Benzene, ethenylmethyl-	50 ppm 25 ppm (STEV)	100 ppm			
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.05 mg/cu.m.	0.05 mg/cu.m.	No data	No data	No data
	· ·	Provide natural or mech		control exposure levels	

Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.



SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal Protective Equipment	
Eye/type	Chemical safety goggles. Chemical safety goggles and full faceshield if splash hazard
Olaria a litria a	exists.
Gloves/ type	Wear skin protection equipment. The selection of skin protection equipment depends on
	the nature of the work to be performed. Insulated gloves. (for aerosols). Contact glove
01 (1): //	supplier for recommendations.
Clothing/type	Wear adequate protective clothes.
Footwear/type	Safety boots per local regulations.
Respiratory/type	Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator
	when contaminant levels exceed the recommended exposure limits.
Other/type	Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Employees should wash
··	their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state	Aerosol. Black. Characteristic odour. Not available. Not applicable.
Melting / Freezing point (deg C)	-95°C (-139°F). (acetone). 56°C (133°F). (acetone). -18°C. (estimate for liquid). No data.
Flammability (solids and gases)	Flammable aerosol. 9.5. (Propane). 1.8. (Propane). Not available.
Vapour density (air=1)	No data. 0.760 - 0.790. 6.34 - 6.59. Negligible. Not available.
Auto ignition temperature (deg C)	460 °C (propellant) . Not available. No data. Not available. 3.11 lbs/USG; 372.7 g/L.

Hazardous decomposition products......

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

ReactivityChemical stability	Product is stable; hazardous polymerization will not occur. Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Conditions to avoid, including static	
discharge, shock or vibration	
Incompatible materails	Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Aldehydes. Ar

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Aldehydes. Ammonia. Reducing agents. No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly. See hazardous combustion products section 5.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50
Acetone	50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (VM&P Naphtha)	3400 ppm 4hr Rat	>2000 mg/kg Oral Rat >2000 mg/kg Dermal Rat
Propane	>1,464 mg/L 15 minutes rat	Not available
Isobutane	52 mg/L 1 hour mouse	Not available
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	Not Available	8,532 mg/kg rat oral 5,000 mg/kg dermal rabbit
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	>5,000 ppm (6 hours, rat), 11000 ppm (45 minutes, mouse)	3,400 mg/kg (rat, oral), >8000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal), 670 mg/kg (mouse, oral)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	>8500 mg/m3 (rat, 4 hr)	>6000 mg/kg (oral, rat)



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	73680 ppm 4 hours rat	>5000 mg/kg (oral, rat) >3160 mg/mg (dermal, rabbit)
Xylene	6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral
Carbon Black	Not available	>10,000 mg/kg (oral rat) 3,000 mg/kg (dermal rabbit)
Ethylbenzene	No data	3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Benzene, ethenylmethyl-	Not available	Not available
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	No data	1220-1550 mg/kg (oral, rat)
Route of exposure	ses skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. Can cau cause temporary corneal damage. Ingestion may athing high concentrations of vapour may cause a cts. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may caus ntional misuse by deliberately concentrating and ital. C has classified Carbon Black as "Group 2B", posaboratory animal inhalation studies. Ethylbenzenese cancer and developmental effects and is listed	y cause adverse health effects. enesthetic effects and serious health se drying or cracking of skin. inhaling this product may be harmful essibly carcinogenic to humans, based e is known to the state of California to by IARC as a Group 2B Carcinogen.
MutagenicityReproductive effects	the has been listed by IARC as a Group 3; not clainans. It data does not allow for an adequate assessmen alt bis (2-ethylhexanoate): Suspected of damagin sified as a possible reproductive toxin. High level lies have been reported to cause health effects or vance of this to humans is not known. In one study to cause embryol toxicity in large concentration cause sensitization by skin contact. This product cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respins through prolonged or repeated exposure.	of the mutagenic effect. In g fertility. Solvent Naphtha is exposure to Xylene in some animal in the developing embryo/fetus. The ly, Methyl Ethyl Ketone has been is. It may cause skin sensitization.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or expose to heat, even when empty.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification	
DOT Classification (Road)	exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre. UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons).
IATA Classification (Air)	UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations.
IMDG Classification (Marine)	
Marine Pollutant	Potential marine pollutant.
Proof of Classification	In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CEPA status	On Domestic Substances List (DSL).
TSCA inventory status	All components are listed.
OSHA	This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
SARA Title III	·

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Section 302 - extremely hazardous

substances

Section 311/312 - hazard categories......

Section 313.....EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS)

40CFR63

California Proposition 65.....

None.

Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.

Ethylbenzene. Glycol ethers. Xylene.

Benzene. Cobalt compounds. Éthylbenzene. Glycol ethers. Toluene. Xylene.

*** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Benzene (D)). (Toluene). *** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer . (Benzene). (Carbon black - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). (Ethyl benzene). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer:

Discl

relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

data sheet